CITY OF STURGIS

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Commission City of Sturgis, Michigan

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Sturgis, Michigan (the "City"), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

127 W Chicago Road Sturgis, MI 49091 We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit and the reports of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City, as of September 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As described in Note 19 to the financial statements, during the year ended September 30, 2018, the City adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*. As a result of implementing this pronouncement, the City's net OPEB liability has been recognized on the government-wide statements and, as discussed in Note 19, the 2017 financial statements have been restated. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the pension and other postemployment benefits information, and budgetary comparison information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

Such information is the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated April 1, 2019, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

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Norman Paulsen Sturgis, Michigan April 1, 2019

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the *City of Sturgis, Michigan* (the "City" or "government"), we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that is furnished in the financial statements and notes to the financial statements.

Financial Highlights

The financial statements, which follow this Management's Discussion and Analysis, provide these significant key financial highlights for the current fiscal year as follows:

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the fiscal year 2018 by \$83,678,494 (net position). Of this, \$52,220,365 was the net investment in capital assets, \$2,274,048 was restricted, and the remaining was unrestricted with a balance of \$29,184,081.
- At the close of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$8,855,775, an increase of \$676,419 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 33 percent of this amount, or \$2,937,380, is available for spending at the government's discretion (unassigned fund balance).
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$2,937,380, or 34 percent of the general fund's annualized expenditures and transfers out.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The Government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents financial information on all of the City's assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying

event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., earned but unused compensated absences and long-term debt).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include legislative, general government, public safety, public works, recreation and culture, and interest expense. The business-type activities include the sewer, water, and electric activities.

Component Units

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City itself (known as the primary government), but also the Downtown Development Authority, Brownfield Redevelopment Authority, Local Development Finance Authority, and Building Authority, which are legally separate component units for which the City is financially accountable.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements. Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the City's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund, which is considered a major fund. Data is combined into a single aggregated presentation for the other governmental funds (nonmajor governmental funds). Individual fund

data for each of the nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements and schedules.

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund and all special revenue funds as required by state law. Budgetary comparison schedules have been provided for the general fund (as required supplemental information).

Proprietary Funds

The City maintains two different types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its electric, sanitary sewer, and water activities. Internal service funds are accounting devices used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions.

The City utilizes internal service funds to account for its equipment and motor pool activities. Because these services primarily benefit the City's governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within the governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the sewer and water operations, which are considered to be major funds of the City. Conversely, the internal service funds are aggregate presentations in the proprietary fund financial statements.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information. This is limited to this discussion and analysis, required pension and other postemployment benefit information, and budget and actual presentations. Supplemental information follows the required supplementary information and includes combining and individual fund statements and schedules.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental and internal service funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

Statement of Net Position

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the City's financial position. In the case of the City, assets and deferred outflows exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$83,678,494 at the close of the most recent fiscal year. The following chart illustrates the composition of net position:

	Governmental			ss-type	Total Primary Government			
		vities	Activ					
	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017		
ASSETS								
Current Assets	¢ 10 105 000	¢ 11.045.440	¢ 10 202 5(4	¢ 16250.027	¢ 21.070.402	¢ 00 105 475		
Cash and Investments	\$ 12,495,838	\$ 11,845,448	\$ 19,383,564	\$ 16,350,027	\$ 31,879,402	\$ 28,195,475		
Receivables	488,773	1,018,466	4,116,464	3,930,264	4,605,237	4,948,730		
Inventory and Prepaid Items	358,602	325,490	1,384,832	1,269,221	1,743,434	1,594,711		
Total Current Assets	13,343,213	13,189,404	24,884,860	21,549,512	38,228,073	34,738,916		
Noncurrent Assets								
Restricted Assets	631,562	624,521	181,507	171,285	813,069	795,806		
Net Pension Assets	111,679	264,825	74,453	176,548	186,132	441,373		
Capital Assets, Net	19,599,759	20,309,224	43,209,317	46,045,177	62,809,076	66,354,401		
Long-term Receivables			1,783,912	1,879,050	1,783,912	1,879,050		
Total Assets	33,686,213	34,387,974	70,134,049	69,821,572	103,820,262	104,209,546		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Pension	903,837	440,145	602,559	293,428	1,506,396	733,573		
OPEB	48,280		15,247		63,527			
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	952,117	440,145	617,806	293,428	1,569,923	733,573		
LIABILIITES								
Current Liabilities								
Accounts Payable	469,412	1,651,840	1,865,430	2,306,471	2,334,842	3,958,311		
Accrued Expenses and Other Liabilities	463,646	222,913	699,268	615,327	1,162,914	838,240		
Unearned Revenue	135,859	59,554	-	-	135,859	59,554		
Current Portion of Long-term Debt	139,341	123,631	771,431	757,534	910,772	881,165		
Total Current Liabilities	1,208,258	2,057,938	3,336,129	3,679,332	4,544,387	5,737,270		
Noncurrent Liabilities								
Compensated Absences	593,160	568,038	231,000	231,000	824,160	799,038		
Net OPEB Liability	2,016,150	1,411,707	636,679	1,067,933	2,652,829	2,479,640		
Long-term Debt	1,253,374	1,166,427	8,424,565	9,195,877	9,677,939	10,362,304		
Total Liabilities	5,070,942	5,204,110	12,628,373	14,174,142	17,699,315	19,378,252		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Pension	734,809	-	489,874	-	1,224,683	-		
OPEB	433,939	-	137,035	-	570,974	-		
Unavailable Revenue	2,216,719	2,217,038	-	-	2,216,719	2,217,038		
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	3,385,467	2,217,038	626,909	-	4,012,376	2,217,038		
NET POSITION		. ,				. ,		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	18,207,044	19,019,166	34,013,321	36,091,764	52,220,365	55,110,930		
Restricted		1,488,832	176,507	171,285	2,274,048	1,660,117		
	2,097,541							
Unrestricted	2,097,341 5,877,336	6,898,973	23,306,745	19,677,809	29,184,081	26,576,782		

\$52,220,365 of the City's net position reflect its net investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, water, and sewer systems, vehicles, and equipment) less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. Net position restricted for highways and streets, capital projects, perpetual care, and debt service represents \$2,274,048. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position was \$29,184,081 as of September 30, 2018.

The following table presents a summary of the changes in net position for the years ended September 30, 2018 and September 30, 2017:

	Govern	ımental	Busine	ss-type	Total			
	Activ	vities	es Activities			mment		
	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017		
Revenue								
Program Revenues								
Charges for Services	\$ 2,546,646	\$ 2,284,353	\$ 32,328,663	\$ 31,398,959	\$ 34,875,309	\$ 33,683,312		
Operating Grants and Contributions	1,586,058	1,511,452	4,000	161,587	1,590,058	1,673,039		
Capital Grants and Contributions	252,980	3,042,020			252,980	3,042,020		
Total Program Revenues	4,385,684	6,837,825	32,332,663	31,560,546	36,718,347	38,398,371		
General Revenues								
Property Taxes	3,984,267	3,184,708	-	-	3,984,267	3,184,708		
State Unrestricted Sources	1,057,449	1,581,682	-	-	1,057,449	1,581,682		
Unrestricted Investment Earnings (Losses)	261,737	210,818	42,646	(13,053)	304,383	197,765		
Miscellaneous	432,321	437,154	936,134	587,190	1,368,455	1,024,344		
Payments in Lieu of Taxes	2,601,817	2,508,000			2,601,817	2,508,000		
Total General Revenues	8,337,591	7,922,362	978,780	574,137	9,316,371	8,496,499		
Total Revenues	12,723,275	14,760,187	33,311,443	32,134,683	46,034,718	46,894,870		
Expenses								
General Government	971,711	1,304,523	-	-	971,711	1,304,523		
Public Safety	4,953,531	4,602,882	-	-	4,953,531	4,602,882		
Public Works	3,959,981	2,235,304	-	-	3,959,981	2,235,304		
Recreation and Culture	2,178,888	1,521,090	-	-	2,178,888	1,521,090		
Community and Economic Development	296,879	154,770	-	-	296,879	154,770		
Other	1,500	57,407	-	-	1,500	57,407		
Interest on Long-term Debt	51,711	48,905	-	-	51,711	48,905		
Electric, Sewer, and Water			31,865,728	30,611,682	31,865,728	30,611,682		
Total Expenses	12,414,201	9,924,881	31,865,728	30,611,682	44,279,929	40,536,563		
Change in Net Position before Transfers	309,074	4,835,306	1,445,715	1,523,001	1,754,789	6,358,307		
Net Transfers	(110,000)	(100,000)	110,000	100,000				
Change in Net Position	199,074	4,735,306	1,555,715	1,623,001	1,754,789	6,358,307		
Net Position at Beginning of Period	25,982,847	22,671,665	55,940,858	54,317,857	81,923,705	76,989,522		
Net Position at End of Period	\$ 26,181,921	\$ 27,406,971	\$ 57,496,573	\$ 55,940,858	\$ 83,678,494	\$ 83,347,829		

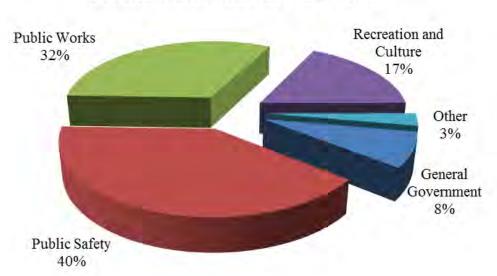
Governmental Activities. Governmental activities increased the City's net position by \$199,074 for the year ended September 30, 2018 compared to an increase of \$4,735,306 for the year ended September 30, 2017. Total revenues decreased by \$2,036,912 and total expenses increased by \$2,489,320.

The following chart summarizes the revenue sources for the governmental activities of the City for the most recent fiscal year-end:



Governmental Activities Revenues

The following chart summarizes the expenses for the governmental activities of the City for the most recent fiscal year-end:



Governmental Activities Expenses

Business-type Activities. Business-type activities increased the City's net position by \$1,555,715 for the year ended September 30, 2018 compared to an increase of \$1,623,001 for the year ended September 30, 2017.

Key components of this change are as follows:

- The electric fund had an increase in net position of \$992,001, which was mainly due to the regular operations of the fund.
- The sanitary sewer fund had an increase in net position of \$545,745, which was mainly due to the regular operations of the fund.
- The water fund had an increase in net position of \$17,969, which was mainly due to the regular operations of the fund.

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the City's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for discretionary use as they represent the portion of fund balance which has not yet been limited to use for a particular purpose by either an external party, the City itself, or a group or individual that has been delegated authority to assign resources for use for particular purposes by the City's Commission.

At September 30, 2018, the City's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$8,855,775, an increase of \$676,419 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 33% of this amount, or \$2,937,380, constitutes *unassigned fund balance*, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. The remainder of the fund balance is either *nonspendable or restricted* to indicate that it is: 1) not in spendable form, (\$66,295 for prepaid and inventory items), 2) restricted for particular purposes, \$2,097,541, or 3) committed for specific purposes, \$3,754,559.

General Fund - The general fund is the main operating fund of the City. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$2,937,380, while total fund balance decreased by \$228,953 to \$2,938,275. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total general fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents approximately 34 percent of total general fund expenditures and transfers out, while total fund balance represents approximately 34 percent of that same amount.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Original budget compared to final budget. During the current year, the budget was amended in a legally permissible manner.

Final budget compared to actual results. The City had the following expenditures in excess of the amounts appropriated during the year ended September 30, 2018:

The transfers out line item had a negative variance of \$242,000 due to an amended budget of \$1,193,480 and the actual amount being \$1,435,480.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of September 30, 2018 amounted to \$62,809,076 (net of accumulated depreciation). Of this amount, \$19,599,759 was for its governmental activities and \$43,209,317 was for its business-type activities. This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, equipment and vehicles, and infrastructure.

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in note 6 to the financial statements.

Long-term Debt

Debt incurred in the course of constructing or acquiring a capital asset is recorded and paid for from a debt service fund, enterprise fund or internal service fund. Debt is classified as long-term if the debt matures in a period greater than one year. The City made principal payments of \$891,758 and issued debt of \$237,000 during the current fiscal year.

Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in note 7 to the financial statements.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The City of Sturgis serves approximately 11,000 residents and is located just north of the Michigan-Indiana border in St. Joseph County. The local economic base includes a variety of midsized and small manufacturers, a hospital, schools, and service providers. The City collaborates with other governmental agencies including the County, area townships, and Indiana local governments to encourage regional economic development. The City has received recognition for economic development from multiple sources including the University of Michigan eCities program.

In 2012 the City embarked upon the Sturgis 2022 initiative to create a vision for the future of Sturgis that could be embraced by the whole community. After reviewing all the feedback, the

Commission adopted two focus areas to help guide future improvements in Sturgis. The two focus areas identified Sturgis as a "Great Place to Do Business" and a "Community of Choice". Nine specific goals were established to measure success in achieving these two focus areas. Annually, the status of these measurable goals is reported to the citizens and is incorporated into the planning and budgeting process.

During the ensuing fiscal year, the City will be investing in several capital projects. Major infrastructure projects include street reconstruction and repairs, park improvements, auditorium lighting, sewer and water main replacements, construction of a rural transmission line, substation and various distribution improvements, SCADA upgrades across all utilities, and airport parking lot improvements.

The City Commission has adopted a conservative budget for 2018-2019. This includes a decrease in fund balance for all governmental funds of \$820,645 or 11.33 percent of total beginning fund balances as well as maintenance of the City's current below-maximum tax levy. The City has maintained stable financial operations and strong general fund reserves which provide flexibility in the wake of uncertain economic times and legislative actions. The City has continued to address a challenging budget that includes level revenue and increasing expenditures.

The City is anticipating an increase in property tax revenue of approximately 5 percent due to inflation and new construction. The effect of decreased personal property tax is mitigated by state reimbursement to municipalities for a portion of the lost tax revenue via the Local Community Stabilization Authority. The property tax base consists of 47 percent residential, 20 percent industrial, 20 percent commercial and 13 percent personal. State revenue sharing is up slightly from the previous year. The PILOT, which is paid to the General Fund from the utility funds, is up one percent due to relatively flat utility consumption. Investment earnings are expected to remain low due to anticipated interest rates of return on fixed income investments.

The 2018-2019 budget includes funding for two vacant positions, a fire marshal and police officer. Total employee costs are being maintained near current levels. This has been accomplished by evaluating vacant positions, investigating options to decrease benefit costs, implementing cost sharing methods, and searching for operational efficiencies with minimal impacts to the level of customer service. The City has addressed unfunded liabilities through changes in plan design, eligibility and increased pre-funding resulting in a funded status of 74 percent for OPEB and 100 percent for the Pension plan according to the last valuation.

The City's charter, adjusted for Headlee rollback, allows for the assessment of 11.8894 mils on the taxable value of each property. The City levied an operating millage of 10.4623 mils, which compares favorably to other like cities in southwest Michigan. For 2019, the inflation rate multiplier which is applied to taxable values is 2.4 percent compared to 2.1 percent in 2018.

Improving City streets remains a high priority for the Commission and a focus of the Sturgis 2022 initiative. In May of 2013, the City voters approved a three mil dedicated street millage to provide for ten years of funding for street and sidewalk improvements. Beginning in 2019, due to amendments to the LCSA, the state reimbursement includes a portion of the lost tax revenue from personal property tax for this millage. In addition, as a result of additional State Restricted

revenue, the 2018-2019 budget conservatively projects that Major and Local Streets Act 51 sources will have increases of four percent. State projections indicate an optimistic increase in future funding.

In an effort to maintain financial sustainability in the Electric, Water and Sewer Funds, the City adopted rate adjustments for the next year. Using a cost of service model, rates are designed to meet financial targets for cash balance, adjusted operating income and debt coverage. Prior rate increases have been partially offset by decreasing utility consumption. The rates in the Electric Fund are designed be revenue neutral. The rates in the Water and Wastewater funds are designed to increase revenue two percent. Actual revenue generated from utility consumption will be evaluated each year to determine if the financial goals are being met.

Requests for Information

This financial report is intended to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, we welcome you to contact the City's Controller's office at:

Treasurer's Office City of Sturgis 130 N. Nottawa St. Sturgis, Michigan, 49091 **Basic Financial Statements**

City of Sturgis Statement of Net Position September 30, 2018

		Primary Governmen	t	
	Governmental	Business-type		
	Activities	Activities	Total	Component Units
ASSETS				
Current Assets				
Cash and Investments	\$ 12,495,838	\$ 19,383,564	\$ 31,879,402	\$ 271,739
Accounts Receivable	152,002	3,864,513	4,016,515	1,829
Notes Receivable	152,002	134,847	134,847	1,027
Taxes Receivable	80,830	154,047	80,830	5,413
Special Assessments Receivable	29,860		29,860	5,415
Lease Receivable	27,800		27,000	340,000
Interest Receivable	7,173	113,104	120,277	540,000
Inventory	57,675	1,384,832	1,442,507	
Prepaid Items	300,927	1,504,052	300,927	2,539
Due from Other Governmental Units	218,908	4,000	222,908	2,007
Total Current Assets	13,343,213	24,884,860		621,520
Noncurrent Assets	15,545,215	24,004,000	38,228,073	021,520
	621 562	191 507	812.060	
Restricted Assets	631,562	181,507	813,069	
Long-term Notes Receivable		1,783,912	1,783,912	
Long-term Lease Receivable				7,860,000
Net Pension Asset	111,679	74,453	186,132	
Capital Assets not being Depreciated	2,351,776	1,647,296	3,999,072	
Capital Assets being Depreciated	17,247,983	41,562,021	58,810,004	122,972
Total Assets	33,686,213	70,134,049	103,820,262	8,604,492
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Pension	903,837	602,559	1,506,396	
OPEB	48,280	15,247	63,527	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	952,117	617,806	1,569,923	
LIABILITIES				
Current Liabilities				
Accounts Payable	469,412	1,865,430	2,334,842	8,479
Accrued Expenses	435,221	405,619	840,840	
Accrued Interest		50,484	50,484	83,912
Customer Deposits	2,125	243,165	245,290	
Unearned Revenue	135,859		135,859	
Due to Other Governmental Units	26,300		26,300	
Current Portion of Long-term Debt	139,341	771,431	910,772	383,184
Total Current Liabilities	1,208,258	3,336,129	4,544,387	475,575
Noncurrent Liabilities				
Compensated Absences	593,160	231,000	824,160	
Long-term Debt, net of Current Portion	1,253,374	8,424,565	9,677,939	9,768,280
Other Post-Employment Benefits	2,016,150	636,679	2,652,829	
Total Liabilities	5,070,942	12,628,373	17,699,315	10,243,855
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Pension	734,809	489,874	1,224,683	
OPEB	433,939	137,035	570,974	37,996
Unavailable Revenue	2,216,719		2,216,719	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	3,385,467	626,909	4,012,376	37,996
NET POSITION				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	18,207,044	34,013,321	52,220,365	17,670
Restricted for:			, ;, ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ;	,570
Debt Service		176,507	176,507	
Streets	1,465,979		1,465,979	
Cemetery Trust	631,562		631,562	
Unrestricted	5,877,336	23,306,745	29,184,081	(1,695,029)
Total Net Position	\$ 26,181,921	\$ 57,496,573	\$ 83,678,494	\$ (1,677,359)

The Notes to the Financial Statements are an integral part of these Financial Statements

City of Sturgis Statement of Activities For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

					Pr	ogram Revenue	5	Net (Expense) Revenue								
						Operating		Capital Grants			Pri	mary Governme	nt			
				Charges for		Grants and		and		Governmental		Business-type				Component
Functions/Programs		Expenses	_	Services	_	Contributions		Contributions		Activities	_	Activities		Total	_	Units
Primary Government																
Governmental Activities:																
Legislative	\$	41,862	\$		\$		\$		\$	(41,862)	\$		\$	(41,862)	\$	
General Government		929,849		1,417,473		12,349				499,973				499,973		
Public Safety		4,953,531		75,482		4,567				(4,873,482)				(4,873,482)		
Public Works		3,959,981		193,837		1,286,488				(2,479,656)				(2,479,656)		
Health and Welfare		1,500								(1,500)				(1,500)		
Recreation and Culture		2,178,888		835,357		233,854		252,980		(856,697)				(856,697)		
Community and Economic Development		296,879		24,497		48,800				(223,582)				(223,582)		
Interest on Long-term Debt		51,711								(51,711)				(51,711)		
Total Governmental Activities		12,414,201		2,546,646		1,586,058		252,980		(8,028,517)				(8,028,517)		
Business-type Activities:																
Electric		27,313,019		27,363,454								50,435		50,435		
Sanitary Sewer		2,968,659		3,391,819								423,160		423,160		
Water		1,584,050		1,573,390		4,000						(6,660)		(6,660)		
Total Business-type Activities		31,865,728		32,328,663		4,000						466,935		466,935		
	\$	44,279,929	\$	34,875,309	\$	1,590,058	\$	252,980	\$	(8,028,517)	\$	466,935	\$	(7,561,582)		
Component Units																
Brownfield Redevelopment Authority	\$	45,254	\$		\$		\$									(45,254)
		2,508														(2,508)
· · ·		315,513														(315,513)
6		102,258		16,223												· · · /
· ·	\$	465,533	\$		\$		\$									
The second se			_		_											
			(General Purpose	Reve	enues and Trans	fers	:								
										3,984,267				3,984,267		198,347
				1 2	stmen	t Earnings				261,737		42,646		304,383		440
						U				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				· · · · ·		
				•						, ,		936,134				350,763
Public Works Health and Welfare Recreation and Culture Community and Economic Development Interest on Long-term Debt <i>Total Governmental Activities</i> Business-type Activities: Electric Sanitary Sewer Water <i>Total Business-type Activities</i> <i>Total Primary Government</i>	<u>\$</u>	3,959,981 1,500 2,178,888 296,879 51,711 12,414,201 27,313,019 2,968,659 1,584,050 31,865,728 44,279,929 45,254 2,508 315,513	\$ \$ 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	193,837 835,357 24,497 2,546,646 27,363,454 3,391,819 1,573,390	\$ \$ Reve	1,286,488 233,854 48,800 1,586,058 4,000 4,000 1,590,058 	\$	252,980	<u>\$</u>	(2,479,656) (1,500) (856,697) (223,582) (51,711) (8,028,517) (8,028,517) (8,028,517)	<u> </u>	 50,435 423,160 (6,660) 466,935 466,935 -	<u> </u>	(2,479,656) (1,500) (856,697) (223,582) (51,711) (8,028,517) 50,435 423,160 (6,660) 466,935 (7,561,582) 		(2,508) (315,513) (86,035) (449,310) 198,347

Net Position at End of Period	\$ 26,181,921	\$ 57,496,573	\$ 83,678,494	\$ (1,677,359)
Net Position at Beginning of Period (Restated, Note 19)	 25,982,847	 55,940,858	 81,923,705	 (1,781,756)
Change in Net Position	 199,074	 1,555,715	 1,754,789	104,397
Total General Revenues and Transfers	8,227,591	 1,088,780	9,316,371	553,707
Transfers	 (110,000)	 110,000	 	
Miscellaneous	432,321	936,134	1,368,455	350,763
5	,,		,,	

City of Sturgis Balance Sheet Governmental Funds September 30, 2018

	General		Other Governmental General Funds		Go	Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS						
Cash and Investments	\$	5,281,512	\$	5,221,674	\$	10,503,186
Accounts Receivable		67,768		49,142		116,910
Taxes Receivable		13,573		67,257		80,830
Special Assessments Receivable		4,066		25,794		29,860
Interest Receivable		7,173				7,173
Inventory				55,087		55,087
Prepaid Items		895		10,313		11,208
Due from Other Governmental Units		11,680		207,228		218,908
Restricted Assets				631,562		631,562
Total Assets	\$	5,386,667	\$	6,268,057	\$	11,654,724
LIABILITIES						
Accounts Payable	\$	62,374	\$	197,387	\$	259,761
Accrued Expenses		115,848		42,337		158,185
Customer Deposits				2,125		2,125
Unearned Revenue		52,945		82,914		135,859
Due to Other Governmental Units		26,300				26,300
Total Liabilities		257,467		324,763		582,230
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Unavailable Revenue		2,190,925		25,794		2,216,719
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources		2,448,392		350,557		2,798,949
FUND BALANCE						
Nonspendable		895		65,400		66,295
Restricted				2,097,541		2,097,541
Committed				3,754,559		3,754,559
Unassigned		2,937,380				2,937,380
Total Fund Balance		2,938,275		5,917,500		8,855,775
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balance	\$	5,386,667	\$	6,268,057	\$	11,654,724

City of Sturgis Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position September 30, 2018

Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds	\$ 8,855,775
Net position of internal service funds that are treated as proprietary in the fund level statements are treated as governmental in the entity-wide statements.	2,708,731
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	18,121,035
Net pension asset, and the pension related deferrals, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	280,707
Compensated absences are not due in and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	(593,160)
Net OPEB liabilities, and the OPEB related deferrals, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	(2,401,809)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	(789,358)
Total Net Position - Governmental Funds	\$ 26,181,921

City of Sturgis Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Governmental Funds For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

	 General	Ga	Other overnmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
Revenues					
Property Taxes	\$ 3,002,672	\$	981,595	\$	3,984,267
Licenses and Permits	9,770		65,001		74,771
State Sources	1,062,016		1,335,288		2,397,304
County Sources			111,043		111,043
Charges for Services	244,300		1,044,594		1,288,894
Fines and Forfeits	21,581		836		22,417
Contributions	51,970		336,170		388,140
Payments in Lieu of Taxes	2,601,817				2,601,817
Administrative Reimbursement	1,020,120				1,020,120
Other	186,473		245,848		432,321
Investment Income (Loss)	 191,486		52,731		244,217
Total Revenues	8,392,205		4,173,106		12,565,311
Expenditures					
Legislative	41,862				41,862
General Government	1,243,263		280,223		1,523,486
Public Safety	4,263,303		119,726		4,383,029
Public Works	413,467		2,053,650		2,467,117
Health and Welfare	1,500				1,500
Recreation and Culture	621,072		1,274,462		1,895,534
Community and Economic Development	195,423		101,456		296,879
Capital Outlay	386,568		905,507		1,292,075
Debt Service - Principal	12,728		62,923		75,651
Debt Service - Interest	6,492		32,267		38,759
Total Expenditures	7,185,678		4,830,214		12,015,892
Excess of Revenues Over					
(Under) Expenditures	1,206,527		(657,108)		549,419
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Proceeds from Loan Issuance			237,000		237,000
Transfers In			1,345,055		1,345,055
Transfers Out	(1,435,480)		(19,575)		(1,455,055)
Net Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (1,435,480)		1,562,480		127,000
Net Change in Fund Balance	 (228,953)		905,372		676,419
Fund Balance at Beginning of Period	3,167,228		5,012,128		8,179,356
Fund Balance at End of Period	\$ 2,938,275	\$	5,917,500	\$	8,855,775

City of Sturgis Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance with Statement of Activities For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

Total Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 676,419
Changes in net position of internal service funds that are treated as enterprise fund changes in net position in the fund level statements are treated as governmental fund changes in net position in the entity-wide statements.	44,541
Governmental fund report capital outlay as expenditures; however, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over the estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation expense is in excess of capital outlay expenditures.	(345,174)
Change to compensated absences are not shown in the fund financial statements. The net effect of the current year increase is to decrease net position.	(25,122)
The change in net pension asset and the pension related deferrals, does not require the use of current resources and, accordingly, is not reported in the governmental funds.	(424,263)
The change in OPEB liability, and the OPEB related deferrals, does not require the use of current resources and, accordingly, is not reported in the governmental funds.	434,022
Current year long-term debt principal payments on are expenditures in the fund financial statements but are reductions in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements. This represents principal payments on long-term debt and proceeds from issuance of long-term debt.	(161,349)
Changes in Net Position - Governmental Funds	\$ 199,074

City of Sturgis Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds September 30, 2018

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds								Governmental	
	Ele	Electric Sanita				Water		l Enterprise Funds	Activities Internal Service Funds	
ASSETS										
Current Assets										
Cash and Investments		5,599,194	,	595,716	\$	1,188,654	\$	19,383,564	\$	1,992,652
Accounts Receivable		3,346,698	2	351,372		166,443		3,864,513		35,092
Notes Receivable		134,847						134,847		
Interest Receivable		109,824		1,640		1,640		113,104		
Inventory		1,262,684		64,531		57,617		1,384,832		2,588
Prepaid Items										289,719
Due from Other Governmental Units						4,000		4,000		
Total Current Assets	2	0,453,247	3,0	013,259		1,418,354		24,884,860		2,320,051
Noncurrent Assets										
Restricted Assets		72,507	1	109,000				181,507		
Long-term Notes Receivable		1,783,912						1,783,912		
Net Pension Asset		59,562		11,168		3,723		74,453		
Capital Assets not being Depreciated		1,481,365		86,078		79,853		1,647,296		
Capital Assets being Depreciated	1	9,736,494	16,1	149,628		5,675,899		41,562,021		1,478,724
Advances Due from Other Funds		624,744						624,744		
Total Assets	4	4,211,831	19,3	369,133		7,177,829		70,758,793		3,798,775
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
Pension		482,047		90,384		30,128		602,559		
OPEB		12,070		1,906		1,271		15,247		
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		494,117		92,290		31,399		617,806		
LIABILITIES										
Current Liabilities										
Accounts Payable		1,821,162		27,946		16,322		1,865,430		209,651
Accrued Expenses		379,910		18,531		7,178		405,619		277,036
Accrued Interest		36,643		3,903		9,938		50,484		
Customer Deposits		243,165						243,165		
Current Portion of Long-term Debt		191,317		510,057		70,057		771,431		62,925
Total Current Liabilities		2,672,197	4	560,437		103,495		3,336,129		549,612
Noncurrent Liabilities										
Compensated Absences		184,000		38,000		9,000		231,000		
Long-term Debt, net of Current Portion		1,433,407	6,3	352,720		638,438		8,424,565		540,432
Other Post-Employment Benefits		504,037		79,585		53,057		636,679		
Advances Due To Other Funds						624,744		624,744		
Total Liabilities		4,793,641	7,0	030,742		1,428,734		13,253,117		1,090,044
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
Pension		391,899		73,481		24,494		489,874		
OPEB		108,485		17,131		11,419		137,035		
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		500,384		90,612		35,913		626,909		
NET POSITION										
Net Investment in Capital Assets	1	9,593,135	9,3	372,929		5,047,257		34,013,321		875,367
Restricted for:										
Debt Service		67,507		109,000				176,507		
Unrestricted		9,751,281		358,140	-	697,324	-	23,306,745		1,833,364
Total Net Position	\$ 3	9,411,923	\$ 12,3	340,069	\$	5,744,581	\$	57,496,573	\$	2,708,731

City of Sturgis Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds									
	Electric		Sanitary Sewer			Water	Total Enterprise Funds		Activ	vernmental rities Internal rvice Funds
Operating Revenues										
Charges for Services	\$	27,364,743	\$	3,391,819	\$	1,573,390	\$	32,329,952	\$	3,214,615
Other		220,081				10,770		230,851		1,148
Total Operating Revenues		27,584,824		3,391,819		1,584,160		32,560,803		3,215,763
Operating Expenses										
Purchased Power		17,709,582						17,709,582		
Material, Maintenance, and Other		2,669,101		840,055		550,869		4,060,025		382,356
General and Administrative		2,574,724		472,296		421,670		3,468,690		138,071
Payments in Lieu of Taxes		2,250,720		236,520		106,620		2,593,860		
Depreciation		1,991,066		1,257,785		455,568		3,704,419		524,096
Insurance Premiums and Claims										2,140,407
Total Operating Expenses		27,195,193		2,806,656		1,534,727		31,536,576		3,184,930
Operating Income (Loss)		389,631		585,163		49,433		1,024,227		30,833
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)										
Investment Income				26,714		15,932		42,646		17,520
Gain (Loss) on Sale of Assets		(1,289)						(1,289)		9,140
Other		641,485		65,871		1,927		709,283		
Interest Expense		(117,826)		(162,003)		(49,323)		(329,152)		(12,952)
Net Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)		522,370		(69,418)		(31,464)		421,488		13,708
Income Before Contributions and Transfers		912,001		515,745		17,969		1,445,715		44,541
Transfers In		80,000		30,000				110,000		
Change In Net Position		992,001		545,745		17,969		1,555,715		44,541
Net Position at Beginning of Period (Restated, Note 19)		38,419,922		11,794,324		5,726,612		55,940,858		2,664,190
Net Position at End of Period	\$	39,411,923	\$	12,340,069	\$	5,744,581	\$	57,496,573	\$	2,708,731

City of Sturgis Combining Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

	Electric	Sanitary Sewer	Water	Total Enterprise Funds
Cash Flows from Operating Activities	¢	¢	¢	¢
Cash received from Interfund Services	\$	\$	\$	\$
Cash received from Customers and Users	27,518,118	3,415,485	1,580,197	32,513,800
Cash payments to Employees and Suppliers Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	(25,556,457) 1,961,661	(1,754,503) 1,660,982	(1,073,418) 506,779	(28,384,378) 4,129,422
Net Cash I tovaea by Operating Activities	1,901,001	1,000,982	500,779	4,129,422
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities				
Change in Capital Assets	(597,455)	(261,565)	(8,250)	(867,270)
Principal and Interest Paid on Long-term Debt	(260,596)	(662,191)	(113,476)	(1,036,263)
Receipts from (Payments against) interfund loans	145,256		(145,256)	
Net Cash Used by Capital and Related Financing Activities	(712,795)	(923,756)	(266,982)	(1,903,533)
Cash Flows from Noncapital and Related Financing Activities				
Transfers In (Out)	80,000	30,000		110,000
Other sources	641,485	65,871	1,927	709,283
Net Cash Provided by Noncapital and Related Financing Activities	721,485	95,871	1,927	819,283
Cash Flows from Investing Activities				
Investment Income		26,714	15,932	42,646
Changes in loans receivable	(44,059)			(44,059)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by from Investing Activities	(44,059)	26,714	15,932	(1,413)
Net Increase in Cash and Equivalents	1,926,292	859,811	257,656	3,043,759
Cash and Equivalents - Beginning of Year	13,745,409	1,844,905	930,998	16,521,312
Cash and Equivalents - End of Year	\$ 15,671,701	\$ 2,704,716	\$ 1,188,654	\$ 19,565,071
Reconciliation of Operating Income to				
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities				
Operating Income	33,600	528,949	11,955	574,504
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash				
Provided (Used) by Operating Activities				
Depreciation Expense	1,991,066	1,257,785	455,568	3,704,419
Changes in Assets & Liabilities				
Receivables	(66,706)	23,666	(3,963)	(47,003)
Prepaid Items				
Inventory	(126,607)	8,942	1,054	(116,611)
Net Pension Asset	81,677	15,314	5,104	102,095
Pension Related Deferred Outflows	(247,304)	(46,370)	(15,457)	(309,131)
Pension Related Deferred Inflows	391,899	73,481	24,494	489,874
Accounts Payable	(380,985)	(39,486)	(20,570)	(441,041)
Accrued Expenses	17,236	336	(6,772)	10,800
Customer Deposits	22,657			22,657
Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)	(207,318)	(233,074)	7,740	(432,652)
OPEB Related Deferred Outflows	(156,303)	(24,679)	(16,453)	(197,435)
OPEB Related Deferred Inflows	608,749	96,118	64,079	768,946
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$ 1,961,661	\$ 1,660,982	\$ 506,779	\$ 4,129,422

City of Sturgis Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds September 30, 2018

	Pension and	 Agency		
	Other employment nefit Trust	Pe	ension Trust	 Agency
ASSETS				
Cash and Investments	\$ 7,966,081	\$	36,535,174	\$ 397,205
Accounts Receivable				16,807
Interest Receivable			64,387	
Due from Other Governmental Units			3,309	
Total Assets	7,966,081		36,602,870	414,012
LIABILITIES				
Due to Other Governmental Units			40,966	414,012
Total Liabilities			40,966	414,012
NET POSITION				
Held in Trust	\$ 7,966,081	\$	36,561,904	\$

City of Sturgis Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

	Post	Other employment		
	Benefit Trust			nsion Trust
Additions				
Employer	\$	907,200	\$	484,777
Employee/Retiree		112,895		168,973
Investment Income (Loss)		491,366		1,735,500
Other				727,130
Total Additions		1,511,461		3,116,380
Deductions				
Benefits		638,272		1,853,357
Refunds				4,371
Administrative Expense		4,000		252,097
Total Deductions		642,272		2,109,825
Change in Net Position		869,189		1,006,555
Net Position at Beginning of Period		7,096,892		35,555,349
Net Position at End of Period	\$	7,966,081	\$	36,561,904

City of Sturgis Combining Statement of Net Position Component Units September 30, 2018

	Brownfield Redevelopment Authority	Local Development Finance Authority	Building Authority	Downtown Development Authority	Total Component Units
ASSETS					
Current Assets					
Cash and Investments	\$ 38,747	\$ 84,850	\$ 2,319		\$ 271,739
Accounts Receivable				1,829	1,829
Taxes Receivable		5,413			5,413
Lease Receivable			340,000		340,000
Prepaid Items				2,539	2,539
Total Current Assets	38,747	90,263	342,319	150,191	621,520
Noncurrent Assets					
Long-term Lease Receivable			7,860,000		7,860,000
Capital Assets being Depreciated				122,972	122,972
Total Assets	38,747	90,263	8,202,319	273,163	8,604,492
LIABILITIES					
Current Liabilities					
Accounts Payable		2,509		5,970	8,479
Accrued Interest	83,912				83,912
Current Portion of Long-term Debt	31,143		340,000	12,041	383,184
Total Current Liabilities	115,055	2,509	340,000	18,011	475,575
Noncurrent Liabilities					
Long-term Debt, net of Current Portion	1,815,019		7,860,000	93,261	9,768,280
Total Liabilities	1,930,074	2,509	8,200,000	111,272	10,243,855
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Unavailable Revenue		5,411		32,585	37,996
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		5,411		32,585	37,996
NET POSITION					
Net Investment in Capital Assets				17,670	17,670
Unrestricted	(1,891,327)	82,343	2,319	111,636	(1,695,029)
Total Net Position	\$ (1,891,327)	\$ 82,343	\$ 2,319	\$ 129,306	\$ (1,677,359)

The Notes to the Financial Statements are an integral part of these Financial Statements

City of Sturgis Combining Statement of Activities Component Units For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

				Local						
	В	rownfield	Dev	Development			Ľ	Downtown		Total
	Red	evelopment	Finance Authority		Building Authority		Development Authority		(Component
	A	Authority								Units
Expenses										
Community and Economic Development	\$	45,254	\$	2,508	\$	315,513	\$	102,258	\$	465,533
Total Expenses		45,254		2,508		315,513		102,258		465,533
Program Revenues										
Charges for Services	_				_			16,223		16,223
Total Program Revenues								16,223		16,223
Net Program Revenues (Expenses)		(45,254)		(2,508)		(315,513)		(86,035)		(449,310)
General Revenue										
Property Taxes		112,124		48,234				37,989		198,347
State Sources								4,157		4,157
Other						315,763		35,000		350,763
Investment Income	_			189	_			251		440
Total General Revenues		112,124		48,423		315,763		77,397		553,707
Change in Net Position		66,870		45,915		250		(8,638)		104,397
Net Position at Beginning of Period		(1,958,197)		36,428		2,069		137,944		(1,781,756)
Net Position at End of Period	\$	(1,891,327)	\$	82,343	\$	2,319	\$	129,306	\$	(1,677,359)

Notes to the Financial Statements

Notes to the Financial Statements

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of Sturgis (the "City") is incorporated under the provisions of the Home Rule Act of the State of Michigan. The City of Sturgis operates under a Commission - Manager form of government and provides the following services as authorized by its charter: Public safety (police, fire, and inspections), highways and streets, public utilities, sanitation, health and social services, culture, parks and recreation, public improvements, planning and zoning, and general administrative services.

The accounting policies of the City of Sturgis conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applicable to governmental units. GAAP includes all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements. The more significant accounting policies establishing GAAP and used by the City are discussed below.

Reporting Entity

As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, these financial statements present the financial activities of the City of Sturgis (primary government) and its component units, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities are, in substance, part of the City's operations, so data from these units are combined with data of the primary government. Discretely presented component units, on the other hand, are reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that they are legally separate from the primary government.

Discretely Presented Component Units

- a. The Downtown Development Authority was created as a tax-increment financing (TIF) district to correct and prevent deterioration in the downtown district, encourage historical preservation, and to promote economic growth within the downtown district. Members of the DDA are appointed by the City Commission and the Authority is fiscally dependent on the City since the City Commission approves the DDA budget and must approve any debt issuance. Complete financial statements of the Downtown Development Authority may be obtained at the City's Controller's office at 130 N. Nottawa, Sturgis, Michigan 49091.
- b. The Brownfield Redevelopment Authority was established pursuant to Act 381 of the Public Acts of 1996, as amended. The purpose of the Authority is to treat and revitalize environmentally distressed Brownfield zones. The Authority is financed by the tax increment financing, Federal grants, State grants, State loans, and City of Sturgis loans and has named the City of Sturgis as its fiscal agent. Members of the Brownfield Development Authority are approved by the City Commission.

Notes to the Financial Statements

- c. The Local Development Finance Authority's (LDFA) purpose is to finance improvements, through the use of tax increment financing, within the City's borders. The LDFA was established as a tax increment financing (TIF) district in 2008 in accordance with Act 281 of the Public Acts of 1987, as amended. Members of the Local Development Finance Authority are approved by the City Commission.
- d. The City of Sturgis Building Authority was established pursuant to Act 31 of the Public Acts of 1948, as amended. Its purpose is to provide for the acquisition and construction of certain public buildings including hospital buildings and additions. Members of the Building Authority are approved by the City Commission. The Building Authority is treated as a discretely presented component unit as the only project has been for hospital building addition operated by Sturgis Hospital, Inc. a non-component unit of the City. Debt obligations are financed by a lease agreement with Sturgis Hospital, Inc.

Basis of Accounting - Government-Wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the City as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity except for fiduciary funds. These statements distinguish between activities that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities. Internal service fund activity is eliminated to avoid "doubling-up" revenues and expenses.

The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This is the same approach used in preparation of the proprietary fund financial statements but differs from the manner in which the governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Therefore, governmental fund financial statements include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the governmentwide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between expenses, both direct and indirect, and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the City and for each governmental and component unit program. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Some functions, such as administrative and financial services include expenses that are, in essence, indirect expenses of other functions. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of the goods or services offered by the programs and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program.

Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues. The comparison of program revenues and expenses identifies the extent to which each program is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the City.

Net position should be reported as restricted when constraints placed on net position use are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Basis of Accounting - Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitute its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues and expenditure/expenses. Funds are organized into three major categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. The focus of governmental and enterprise fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the City or meets the following criteria:

- Total assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type; and
- Total assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.
- Any fund the City elects to include as a major fund.

Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. The internal service funds are presented in a single column on the face of the proprietary fund statements.

The City reports the following major funds:

General Fund

The general fund is the general operating fund of the City. The fund is used to account for all financial transactions except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Revenues are derived primarily from property taxes, state shared revenues and charges for services.

Enterprise Funds

Electric Fund

To account for user charges and for operating expenses and debt service of the City's electric utility system.

Water Fund

To account for user charges and for operating expenses and debt service of the City's water system.

Sewer Fund

To account for user charges and for operating expenses and debt service of the City's sewer system.

The following is a description of three major categories and various fund types within those categories into which the funds are grouped:

Governmental Funds

All governmental funds are accounted for using modified accrual basis of accounting and the current financial resources measurement focus. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they become susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they become both measurable and available). Expenditures are recognized in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, if measurable.

Revenue Recognition

"Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectable within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. The City considers property taxes, special assessments, licenses, interest revenue and charges for sales and services as susceptible to accrual if the amount was due on or before fiscal year end and collection was within one year after year end except for property taxes for which collection must be within two months of year end. Reimbursements due for state and federally funded projects are accrued as revenue at the time the expenditures are made, or when received in advance, deferred until expenditures are made. All other revenue is recognized as payments are received.

Expenditure Recognition

The measurement focus of governmental accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Most expenditures are measurable and are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred. However, principal and interest on general long-term debt, which has not matured, are recognized when paid. Allocation of costs, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds.

The following is a description of the governmental fund types of the City:

Special Revenue Funds

Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than special assessments and major capital projects) requiring separate accounting because of legal or regulatory provisions or administrative action.

Permanent Funds

The permanent funds are used to account for the assets of legal trust agreements held by the City as trustee for which only the interest income on the principal may be spent.

Proprietary Funds

All proprietary funds are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. These funds account for operations that are primarily financed by user charges. The economic resource focus concerns determining costs as a means of maintaining the capital investment and management control. Their revenues are recognized when they are earned and their expenses are recognized when they are incurred. Allocations of costs, such as depreciation, are recorded in proprietary funds. Unbilled utility receivables are recorded at year end.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's enterprise funds and internal service funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The water and sewer funds also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses include the cost of sales and services, administrative costs and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

The following is a description of the proprietary fund types of the City:

Enterprise Funds

Enterprise funds report operations that provide services which are financed primarily by user charges, or activities where periodic measurement of net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control or other purposes.

Internal Service Funds

Internal service funds are used to record the financing of goods or services provided by the City to other departments and funds or to other governmental units on a cost reimbursement basis.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Fiduciary Funds (Not Included in Government-Wide Financial Statements)

Fiduciary funds are used to report assets held in a trustee or agency capacity for others and therefore are not available to support City programs.

Agency Funds

Agency funds are used to account for assets held by the City in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments and/or other funds. The agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

Pension Trust Funds

The pension trust funds are used to account for the assets held by the City as trustee for the employee retirement systems.

Other Postemployment Benefit Trust Funds

The other postemployment benefit trust funds are used to account for the assets held by the City as trustee for the employee retirement health insurance systems.

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Annual appropriated budgets are legally adopted for the general and special revenue funds. The City adopts its budget in accordance with City Charter and Public Act 621, the Uniform Budgeting and Accounting Act, which mandates an annual budget process and an annual appropriation act to implement the budget. The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- Prior to August 1, the City Manager submits to the City Commission a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following October 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- Public hearings are conducted at the City hall to obtain public comments.
- Prior to August 20th the budget and annual appropriations act are legally adopted by the City Commission.
- Formal budget integration is employed as a management control device during the year for all budgetary funds.

Notes to the Financial Statements

- Budgetary control is exercised at the department level in the general fund, and at the total expenditure or "fund" level for the special revenue funds. Similarly, the City's "appropriation centers" are defined at the department level in the general fund and at the total expenditure or "fund" level for the special revenue funds. The City Manager is empowered to transfer line-item budget amounts within appropriation centers.
- Budget transfers between appropriation centers or changes to appropriation center totals require formal amendment by the City Commission. Expenditures in the special revenue funds are classified by major functional category for informational purposes. Budgets for the current year are carefully reviewed throughout the year for any revisions of estimates. The legislative body amends the general appropriation act as soon as it becomes apparent this action is necessary. In 2018, the general fund and special revenue fund budgets were amended to reflect actual expenditures that were higher than originally budgeted.
- All budget appropriations lapse at the end of the year.
- Budgets as presented for the governmental funds are prepared on the modified accrual basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

Deposits and Investments

Certain City funds including the Pension Trust Fund, Cemetery Trust Fund, and Electric Fund have investments which are separately held from those of other City funds. For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, the City considers all assets held in the cash and investment pool to be cash and cash equivalents because the investments are not identifiable to the specific funds and the assets can be withdrawn at any time, similar to a demand deposit account. Investments with a maturity of greater than one year at the date of purchase are stated at fair value and all other investments are stated at cost or amortized cost.

Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "advances to/from other funds." All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/due from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and the business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

All trade and property tax receivables are shown as net of allowance for uncollectible amounts. Property taxes attach as enforceable liens on property as of December 31. Taxes are levied on July 1 of the following year and are payable from the date of levy through August 15. Taxes levied on July 1 are recorded as receivables and unearned revenue. Taxes are recognized as revenue (and become available for appropriation) in the fiscal year following the levy date. The City bills and

Notes to the Financial Statements

collects its own property taxes and also taxes for the county and school districts. Collections of all the taxes and remittance of them to the other taxing authorities are accounted for in the current tax fund. The City is permitted by state law without voter approval to levy taxes up to \$11.8894 per \$1,000 of state equalized valuation for general governmental purposes. The tax rate to finance City services for the year ended September 30, 2018, was \$10.0285 per \$1,000 of taxable valuation. The tax rate to finance City street/sidewalk improvements for the year ended September 30, 2018, was \$10.4623 per \$1,000 taxable valuation. The 2017 taxable value of the City was \$223,081,062.

Receivables consist of amounts due from the State and Federal Government for various payments and grants and receivables for charges for services provided to local governmental units, accounts receivable related to charges for services, interest receivable, and other amounts owed to the City at year-end.

Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories include materials, repair parts and supplies for various City operations and are valued at the lower of cost (first-in, first-out) or market. Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items.

Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents

Certain proceeds of the City's enterprise fund revenue bonds, as well as certain resources set aside for their repayment, are classified as restricted assets on the balance sheet because their use is limited by applicable bond covenants.

Capital Assets and Depreciation

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost of purchase or construction. Contributed assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are also capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred.

Depreciation on all assets is provided on the straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

	Depreciable Life
Asset Type	- Years
Land improvements	7 - 40
Roads and sidewalks	7 - 20
Utility systems	30 - 50
Buildings and improvements	15 - 50
Machinery and equipment	5 - 20
Vehicles	2 - 7
Furniture and other	3 - 7

Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenue represents monies that do not yet meet the criteria for revenue recognition. Unearned amounts are always reported as liabilities.

Deferred Outflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City reports deferred outflows of resources for change in expected and actual investment returns, assumptions, and benefits provided in its pension plan and other postemployment benefits plan.

Other Postemployment Benefits

The City records a net OPEB liability for the difference between the total OPEB liability calculated by the actuary and the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. For the purpose of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City's Retiree Health Care Plan and additions to/deductions from the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the OPEB plan. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Plan and additions to/deductions from the plan fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plan. For this purpose, benefit payments

(including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Compensated Absences

City employees are granted vacation and sick leave in varying amounts based on length of service and employee group. Unused vacation and sick leave days are paid to employees upon termination under limits that vary by employee group. The liability for these compensated absences is recorded as long-term debt in the government-wide statements. The current portion of this debt is estimated based on historical trends. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report only the compensated absence liability payable from expendable available financial resources while the proprietary funds report the liability as it is incurred.

Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities or proprietary fund type statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are expensed when incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues, which arise only under a modified accrual basis of accounting, from receivables and from property taxes levied and collected for next fiscal year's operation. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

Net Position and Fund Equity

The difference between fund assets and liabilities is "Net Position" on the government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund statements and "Fund Balance" on governmental fund statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Net Position are classified as "Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt," legally "Restricted" for specific purpose, or "Unrestricted" and available for appropriation for the general purposes of the fund. In governmental fund financial statements, fund balances are classified as follows:

Nonspendable - Amounts that cannot be spent either because they are a) not in a spendable form or b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted - Amounts that can be spent only for specific purpose because of the City Charter, state or federal laws, or externally imposed conditions by grantors or creditors.

Committed - Amounts that can be used only for specific purpose determined by a formal action by City Commission ordinance or resolution. These amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the City Commission removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (ordinance or resolution) that was employed when the funds were initially committed.

Assigned - Amounts that are designated by the Manager for a particular purpose but are not spendable until a budget ordinance is passed by the City Commission.

Unassigned - Amounts that cannot be properly classified in one of the other four categories. The General Fund is the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. Unassigned balances also include negative balances in the governmental funds reporting resources restricted for specific programs.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

A reconciliation of cash and investments as shown in the basic financial statements for the City's deposits and investments is as follows:

	Deposits	Investments	Total
Primary Government:			
Cash and investments	\$ 4,824,498	\$ 27,054,904	\$ 31,879,402
Restricted assets	181,507	631,562	813,069
Component Units:			
Cash and investments	271,739	-	271,739
Fiduciary Funds:			
Cash and investments	397,205	44,501,255	44,898,460
Total	\$ 5,674,949	\$ 72,187,721	\$ 77,862,670

Michigan Compiled Laws Section 129.91 (Public Act 20 of 1943, as amended) authorizes local governmental units to make deposits and invest in the accounts of federally insured banks, credit unions, and savings and loan associations that have offices in Michigan. A local unit is allowed to invest in bonds, securities, and other direct obligations of the United States or any agency or instrumentality of the United States; repurchase agreements; bankers' acceptances of United States banks; commercial paper rated within the two highest classifications, which matures not more than 270 days after the date of purchase; obligations of the State of Michigan or its political subdivisions, which are rated as investment grade; and mutual funds composed of investment vehicles that are legal for direct investment by local units of government in Michigan.

The Retirement System is also authorized to invest a portion of its assets in stocks that are registered on a national securities exchange and mutual funds of diversified investment companies having assets greater than \$100 million.

	Fair Value	< Than 1	1-5	6 - 10	> Than 10	6 6 D D offing
Primary Government:	Fair value	< 1 nan 1	1-5	0 - 10	<u>> 1 nan 10</u>	S&P Rating
Michigan Municipal Bonds	\$ 150,051	\$ 150.051	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	ΑΑΑ-ΑΑ
First Merit Bank - Federated US	\$ 150,051	φ 150,051	φ –	φ -	φ –	100-101
Treasury Cash Reserve	921,129	_	_	_	_	Not Rated
Michigan Cooperative Liquid Assets)21,12)					Not Rated
Securities System	2,539,621	_	_	_	_	AAAm
US Government Agencies	24,075,665	8,791,922	15,283,743			AAA-AA
Total Primary Government:	27,686,466	8,941,973	15,283,743			100-101
Total I finally Government.	27,000,400	0,941,975	15,205,745			
Pension Trust Fund:						
Open ENDMF - Fixed Inc. Tax						
Western Asset Smarch Fund	3,977,688	-	-	-	-	Not Rated
US Government Agencies	3,071,017	307,102	337,812	184,261	2,241,842	AAA-AA
Corporate Bonds and Notes	2,780,345	-	500,462	1,501,386	778,497	AAA-AA
Morgan Stanley Bank Deposit Program	887,281	-	-	-	-	Not Rated
Goldman Sachs FS Govn. Fund	28,996	-	-	-	-	Not Rated
Common and Preferred Stocks	25,789,847	-	-	-	-	N/A
Total Pension Trust Fund:	36,535,174	307,102	838,274	1,685,647	3,020,339	
OPEB Trust Fund:						
MERS Established Market Fund	7,966,081	-	-	-	-	Not Rated
Total Investments:	\$72,187,721	\$ 9,249,075	\$16,122,017	\$ 1,685,647	\$ 3,020,339	

As of September 30, 2018, the maturities and credit quality rating of debt securities are as follows:

Interest Rate Risk

State law limits the allowable investments and the maturities of some of the allowable investments. The City's investment policy does not have specific limits in excess of state law on investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk

State law limits investments to specific government securities, certificates of deposits and bank accounts with qualified financial institutions, commercial paper with specific maximum maturities and ratings when purchased, bankers acceptances of specific financial institutions, qualified mutual funds and qualified external investment pools as identified above. The City's investment policy does not have specific limits in excess of state law on investment credit risk. The ratings for each investment are identified above for investments held at year end.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned. State law does not require and the City does not have a policy for deposit custodial credit risk. At September 30, 2018, the City had \$7,569,652 of bank deposits (certificates of deposit, checking and savings accounts) that were uninsured and uncollateralized. The Component Units

had \$-0- of bank deposits that were uninsured and uncollateralized. The City and the Component Units believe that due to the dollar amounts of cash deposits and the limits of FDIC insurance, it is impractical to insure all deposits. As a result, the City and the Component Units evaluates each financial institution with which they deposit funds and assesses the level of risk of each institution; only those institutions with an acceptable estimated risk level are used as depositories.

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. State law does not require and the City does not have a policy for investment custodial credit risk. However, while uninsured and unregistered, the City's funds are not exposed to custodial credit risk since the securities are held in the counterparty's trust department in the City's name.

Concentration of Credit Risk

State law limits allowable investments but does not limit concentration of credit risk as identified above. The City's investment policy does not have specific limits in excess of state law on concentration of credit. All investments held at year end are reported above.

Fair Value Measurement

The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. Investments that are measured at fair value using the net asset value per share (or its equivalent) as a practical expedient are not classified in the fair value hierarchy below.

In instances whereby inputs used to measure fair value fall into different levels in the above fair value hierarchy, fair value measurements in their entirety are categorized based on the lowest level input that is significant to the valuation. The City's assessment of the significance of particular inputs to these fair value measurements requires judgment and considers factors specific to each asset or liability.

The City has the following recurring fair value measurements as of September 30, 2018:

Primary Government

- U.S. Government Agency debt obligations of \$24,075,665 are valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs).
- Michigan Municipal Bonds of \$150,051 are valued using a matrix pricing model (Level 2

Notes to the Financial Statements

inputs).

• The Michigan Class Pool of \$2,539,621 and the Federated U.S. Treasury Cash Reserve of \$921,129 are interests in pooled investments and are measured on a recurring basis using net asset value per share (or its equivalent) of the investment pool as a practical expedient (Level 2 inputs).

Pension Trust Fund

- U.S. Government Agency debt obligations of \$3,071,017 and Corporate Bonds and Notes of \$2,780,345 and common and Preferred Equities of \$25,789,847 are valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs).
- The Open ENDMF of \$3,977,688 and Morgan Stanley Bank Deposit Program of \$887,281 and Goldman Sachs FS Government Fund of \$28,996 are interests in pooled investments and are measured on a recurring basis using net asset value per share (or its equivalent) of the investment pool as a practical expedient (Level 2 inputs).

OPEB Trust Fund

• The MERS Established Market Fund of \$7,966,081 are interests in pooled investments and are measured on a recurring basis using net asset value per share (or its equivalent) of the investment pool as a practical expedient (Level 2 inputs).

NOTE 3 - RECEIVABLES - UNAVAILABLE/UNEARNED REVENUE

Accounts receivable of the Electric Fund are reported net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts of \$200,000.

Governmental funds report unavailable revenue in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of unavailable revenue and unearned revenue reported in the governmental funds were as follows:

	Unavailable		U	nearned	Total		
Primary Government							
Property taxes levied and collected for next fiscal year's operation	\$	2,216,719	\$	-	\$	2,216,719	
Customer deposits for future services / events		-		135,859		135,859	
Total Primary Government	\$	2,216,719	\$	135,859	\$	2,352,578	
Component Units							
Property taxes levied and collected for next fiscal year's operation	\$	37,996	\$	-	\$	37,996	
Accounts receivable not collected within 60 days		77,091				77,091	
Total Component Units	\$	115,087	\$	-	\$	115,087	

NOTE 4 - FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which a government is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources reported in governmental funds, is as follows:

			onmajor		
	General Fund			Funds	Total
Nonspendable					
Prepaid items	\$	-	\$	10,313	\$ 10,313
Inventory		895		55,087	 55,982
Total nonspendable		895		65,400	 66,295
Restricted					
Streets		-		1,325,789	1,325,789
Capital projects		-		140,190	140,190
Cemetery trust		-		631,562	 631,562
Total restricted		-		2,097,541	 2,097,541
Committed					
Streets		-	,	2,343,426	2,343,426
Capital projects		-		981,429	981,429
Building department		-		138,361	138,361
Housing department		-		29,417	29,417
Cemetery		-		33,087	33,087
Drug enforcement		-		18,204	18,204
Recreation		-		37,745	37,745
Auditorium		-		20,148	20,148
Arts Council		-		30,403	30,403
Recreation center		-		77,808	77,808
Airport		-		44,531	 44,531
Total committed		-		3,754,559	 3,754,559
Unassigned	2,	937,380		-	 2,937,380
Total Fund Balance	\$2,	938,275	\$	5,917,500	\$ 8,855,775

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

Interfund receivables and payables consisted of the following at September 30, 2018:

	Advance		
Fund	Receivable	Fund	Payable
Electric	\$ 624,744	Water	\$ 624,744

The Due From/To Other Fund balances resulted from temporary loans to cover cash short falls in a given fund and from a time lag between the dates that interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and payments between funds are made. Also, certain amounts are reported as internal balances in the statement of net assets relative to the elimination of Internal Service Funds.

Transfers consisted of the following for the year ended September 30, 2018:

Fund	Transfers Out	Fund	Transfers In
General	\$ 1,435,480	Capital Projects	\$ 500,000
		Building Department	30,000
		Housing Development	60,000
		Cemetery	199,980
		Recreation	105,000
		Civic Auditorium	295,500
		Doyle Community Center	35,000
		Airport	100,000
		Sanitary Sewer	30,000
		Electric	80,000
	1,435,480		1,435,480
Capital Projects	14,839	Civic Auditorium	14,839
Cemetery Trust	4,736	Cemetery	4,736
Totals	\$ 1,455,055		\$ 1,455,055

Transfers are used to: (1) move revenues from the fund that is required to collect them to the fund that is required or allowed to expend them; (2) the transfer from the major street fund to the local street fund represents the sharing of gas and weight tax revenues; and (3) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

NOTE 6 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets activity of the primary government for the year ended September 30, 2018 was as follows:

Governmental Activities	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance
Capital assets not being depreciated				
Land	\$ 566,260	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 566,260
Construction in Process	1,785,516	-	-	1,785,516
Total capital assets not being depreciated	2,351,776			2,351,776
Capital assets being depreciated				
Infrastructure	13,109,323	502,533	-	13,611,856
Land Improvements	6,033,909	50,662	-	6,084,571
Building and Improvements	8,736,535	711,956	-	9,448,491
Machinery and Equipment	2,654,642 58,6		-	2,713,256
Vehicles	4,688,382	128,115	(164,156)	4,652,341
Office Furniture and Equipment	389,987	-	-	389,987
Total capital assets being depreciated	35,612,778	1,451,880	(164,156)	36,900,502
Less accumulated depreciation				
Infrastructure	3,991,497	972,603	-	4,964,100
Land Improvements	3,907,234	282,755	-	4,189,989
Building and Improvements	4,048,398	296,830	-	4,345,228
Machinery and Equipment	2,222,041	193,829	-	2,415,870
Vehicles	3,098,468	415,328	(164,156)	3,349,640
Office Furniture and Equipment	387,692	-	-	387,692
Total accumulated depreciation	17,655,330	2,161,345	(164,156)	19,652,519
Net capital assets being depreciated	17,957,448	(709,465)		17,247,983
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$20,309,224	\$ (709,465)	\$ -	\$ 19,599,759

Notes to the Financial Statements

	Beginning			Ending	
Business-type Activities	Balance	Additions	Reductions	Balance	
Capital assets not being depreciated					
Land	\$ 577,093	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 577,093	
Construction in Process	680,262	508,177	(118,236)	1,070,203	
Total capital assets not being depreciated	1,257,355	508,177	(118,236)	1,647,296	
Capital assets being depreciated					
Land Improvements	1,622,268	193,187	-	1,815,455	
Building, Improvements, and System	116,745,110	141,586	(2,594,342)	114,292,354	
Machinery and Equipment	1,701,619	144,910	-	1,846,529	
Office Furniture and Equipment	24,952			24,952	
Total capital assets being depreciated	120,093,949	479,683	(2,594,342)	117,979,290	
Less accumulated depreciation					
Land Improvements	1,423,764	178,061	-	1,601,825	
Building, Improvements, and System	73,412,420	3,451,790	(2,593,053)	74,271,157	
Machinery and Equipment	444,767	74,568	-	519,335	
Office Furniture and Equipment	24,952			24,952	
Total accumulated depreciation	75,305,903	3,704,419	(2,593,053)	76,417,269	
Net capital assets being depreciated	44,788,046	(3,224,736)	(1,289)	41,562,021	
Business-type Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$46,045,401	\$ (2,716,559)	\$ (119,525)	\$43,209,317	

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities	
General Government	\$ 344,330
Public Safety	570,502
Public Works	439,063
Recreation and Culture	283,354
Internal Service Funds	524,096
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 2,161,345
Business-type Activities	
Electric	\$ 1,991,066
Sanitary Sewer	1,257,785
Water	 455,568
Total Business-type Activities	\$ 3,704,419

Notes to the Financial Statements

Capital assets activity of the component units (DDA) for the year ended September 30, 2018 was as follows:

	E	Beginning						Ending
Downtown Development Authority]	Balance	Additions		Reductions		Balance	
Capital assets being depreciated								
Land Improvements	\$	283,662	\$	-	\$	-	\$	283,662
Building and Improvements		378,364		-		(75,664)		302,700
Total capital assets being depreciated	662,026			-	(75,664)			586,362
Less accumulated depreciation								
Land Improvements		203,360		18,911		-		222,271
Building and Improvements		266,648		15,135		(40,664)		241,119
Total accumulated depreciation		470,008		34,046		(40,664)		463,390
Net capital assets being depreciated		192,018		(34,046)		(35,000)		122,972
Business-type Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$	192,018	\$	(34,046)	\$	(35,000)	\$	122,972

Depreciation expense of \$34,046 was charged to the community and economic development function of the DDA.

NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM DEBT

Following is a summary of governmental activities long-term debt transactions for the year ended September 30, 2018:

	Balance at October 1, 		dditions	D	eletions	Balance at ptember 30, 2018	Due Within One Year		
Governmental Activities									
2010 Capital Improvement	\$	628,009	\$	-	\$	(62,583)	\$ 565,426	\$	63,568
Fire Truck Note Payable		185,099		-		(26,448)	158,651		30,279
Fire Vehicle Note Payable		476,950		-		(32,244)	444,706		32,646
Gym Equipment Note Payable		-		237,000		(13,068)	223,932		12,848
Total Long-term Debt		1,290,058		237,000		(134,343)	 1,392,715		139,341
Compensated Absences		568,038		25,122		-	593,160		-
Total Governmental Activities	\$	1,858,096	\$	262,122	\$	(134,343)	\$ 1,985,875	\$	139,341

Long-term debt payables at September 30, 2018 consisted of the following individual issues:

Governmental Activities

\$983,446 2010 Capital Improvement bonds payable annually, beginning November 1, 2011 and ending November 1, 2025, ranging from \$56,993 to \$79,343, plus interest paid semi-annually at 1.4% to 6.0%

Notes to the Financial Statements

Note payable to Bank in the amount of \$398,106, monthly payment of \$3,065 including interest at 4.50%, final payment due July 1, 2023, secured by Fire Truck with a net book value of \$121,644	158,651
Note payable to Bank in the amount of \$516,334, monthly payment of \$3,161 including interest at 1.23%, final payment due May 12, 2031, secured by Fire Truck with a net book value of \$509,055	444,706
Note payable to Bank in the amount of \$237,000, monthly payment of \$1,658 including interest at 3.19%, final payment due October 1, 2032, secured by gym equipment with a net book value of \$225,150	223,932
Total Governmental Activities Long-Term Debt	<u>\$ 1,392,715</u>

Following is a summary of business-type activities long-term debt transactions for the year ended September 30, 2018:

	Balance at October 1, 2017	Addit	ions	I	Balance at September 30,Deletions2018		Due Within One Year		
Business-type Activities									
2010 Capital Improvement	\$ 2,186,990	\$	-	\$	(217,416)	\$	1,969,574	\$	221,431
2007 State/Clean Water	591,070		-		(55,000)		536,070		55,000
2007 State/Clean Water	1,545,587		-		(130,000)		1,415,587		135,000
2008 Sanitary Sewer System	3,082,172		-		(225,000)		2,857,172		230,000
2013A State/Clean Water	2,175,918		-		(109,999)		2,065,919		110,000
2013B State/Clean Water	371,674		-		(20,000)		351,674		20,000
Total Long-term Debt	9,953,411		-		(757,415)		9,195,996		771,431
Compensated Absences	231,000		-		-		231,000		-
Total Business-type Activities	\$ 10,184,411	\$	-	\$	(757,415)	\$	9,426,996	\$	771,431

Long-term debt payables at September 30, 2018, consisted of the following individual issues:

Business-Type Activities

\$3,416,554 2010 Capital Improvement bonds payable annually, beginning November 1, 2011 and ending November 1, 2025, ranging from \$198,007 to \$275,657, plus interest paid semi-annually at 1.4% to 6.0%

\$ 1,969,574

Notes to the Financial Statements

\$1,086,070 2007 State/Drinking Water Revolving Fund loan payable annually, beginning October1, 2011 and ending October 1, 2027, ranging from \$45,000 to \$66,070, including interest paid semi-annually at 2.125%	536,070
\$2,660,000 2007 State/Clean Water Revolving Fund loan payable annually, beginning April1, 2013 and ending April 1, 2028, ranging from \$115,000 to \$145,587, including interest paid semi-annually at 1.625%	1,415,587
\$5,505,000 2008 Sanitary Sewer System revenue bonds, payable in semi-annual installments ranging from \$215,000 to \$292,172 plus interest at 2.50%, final payment due October 1, 2029	2,857,172
 \$2,486,274 2013 State/Clean Water Revolving Fund loan payable in semi-annual installments ranging from \$105,000 to \$150,919 plus interest at 2.00%, final payment due April 1, 2034 	2,065,919
 \$476,674 2013 State/Clean Water Revolving Fund loan payable in semi-annual installments ranging from \$15,000 to \$26,674 plus interest at 2.50%, final payment due April 1, 2034 	351,674
Total Business-type Activities Long-Term Debt	<u>\$ 9,195,996</u>

Debt Service Requirements

The annual requirements to service all debt outstanding for the primary government as of September 30, 2018 (excluding compensated absences), including both principal and interest, are as follows:

	 Governmental Activities							
	Principal		Interest	Total				
2019	\$ 139,341	\$	41,013	\$	180,354			
2020	143,774		36,236		180,010			
2021	146,430		32,878		179,308			
2022	149,741		30,671		180,412			
2023	144,959		24,404		169,363			
2024-2028	484,613		53,202		537,815			
2029-2033	 183,857		6,314		190,171			
Totals	\$ 1,392,715	\$	224,718	\$	1,617,433			

	 Business-type Activities								
	Principal		Interest		Total				
2019	\$ 771,431	\$	255,302	\$	1,026,733				
2020	794,201		233,029		1,027,230				
2021	803,086		209,639		1,012,725				
2022	825,855		185,136		1,010,991				
2023	843,625		159,279		1,002,904				
2024-2028	3,863,033		398,777		4,261,810				
2029-2033	1,117,172		69,143		1,186,315				
2034	177,593		1,842		179,435				
Totals	\$ 9,195,996	\$	1,512,147	\$	10,708,143				

Notes to the Financial Statements

Discretely Presented Component Units

Downtown Development Authority

Following is a summary of long-term debt transactions for the year ended September 30, 2018:

	Balance at October 1,					alance at tember 30,		e Within
	2017	Addit	ions	D	eletions	 2018	0	ne Year
Downtown Development								
Farmers State Bank Note Payabl	\$ 116,866	\$	_	\$	(11,564)	\$ 105,302	\$	12,041

Long-term debt payable at September 30, 2018, consisted of the following individual issue:

Note payable to Farmers State Bank in the amount of
\$180,000, monthly payment of \$1,275 including
interest at 3.29%, final payment due August 1,
2026, unsecured\$ 105,302

Prepayment Penalty - the loan agreement contains the following prepayment penalty clause: prepayment penalty of 5% on the current balance if payoff is within the first year; second year will require a 4% penalty; third year will require a 3% penalty; fourth year will require a 2% penalty; fifth year will require a 1% penalty on current balance at time of payoff.

Debt Service Requirements

The annual requirements to service all debt outstanding as of September 30, 2018 including both principal and interest, are as follows:

	Principal]	Interest	Total		
2019	\$	12,041	\$	3,255	\$	15,296	
2020		12,493		2,803		15,296	
2021		13,006		2,290		15,296	
2022		13,275		2,021		15,296	
2023		13,719		1,577		15,296	
Thereafter		40,768		3,927		44,695	
Totals	\$	105,302	\$	15,873	\$	121,175	

Brownfield Redevelopment Authority

Following is a summary of long-term debt transactions for the year ended September 30, 2018:

		Balance at October 1, 2017	Add	itions	D	eletions	 Balance at ptember 30, 2018	 ıe Within ne Year
Brownfield Redevelopment								
Authority								
Michigan Department of								
Environmental Quality Note								
Payable	\$	219,954	\$	-	\$	(73,792)	\$ 146,162	\$ 31,143
City of Sturgis - Electric Fund		1,700,000		-		-	1,700,000	-
Total Brownfield Redevelopmen	r \$	1,919,954	\$	-	\$	(73,792)	\$ 1,846,162	\$ 31,143

Long-term debt payable at September 30, 2018, consisted of the following individual issues:

in the amount of \$.	igan Department of Environmental Quality 340,760, annual payment of \$33,335 including final payment due June 26, 2024	\$	146,162
to exceed) \$1,700, thirty years maxim 2.468%, payments	of Sturgis - Electric Fund in the amount (not 000, deferred payments until June 1, 2021, num, annual payment, interest accrues at apply to principal until paid, interest balance e paid last per Development Agreement and		
Brownfield Plan		<u>\$1</u>	,700,000
	Total	<u>\$ 1</u>	<u>,846,162</u>

Debt Service Requirements

The annual requirements to service the Michigan Department of Environmental Quality debt outstanding as of September 30, 2018 including both principal and interest, are as follows:

]	Principal]	nterest	Total		
2019	\$	31,143	\$	2,192	\$	33,335	
2020		31,610		1,725		33,335	
2021		32,084		1,251		33,335	
2022		32,565		770		33,335	
2023		18,760		282		19,042	
Totals	\$	146,162	\$	6,220	\$	152,382	

The note payable to the City of Sturgis Electric Fund is unscheduled.

Building Authority

Following is a summary of long-term debt transactions for the year ended September 30, 2018:

	Balance at October 1, 2017	Additions	Deletions	Balance at September 30, 2018	Due Within One Year
Building Authority					
Series 2014 Refunding Bonds	\$ 8,530,000	\$ -	\$ (330,000)	\$ 8,200,000	\$ 340,000

Long-term debt payable at September 30, 2018, consisted of the following individual issue:

Sturgis Building Authority Series 2014 Refunding Bonds, payable
annually beginning October 1, 2017 and ending
October 1, 2034, ranging from \$290,000 to \$745,000,
including interest paid semiannually with rates ranging
from 2.00% to 4.25%\$ 8,200,000

Debt Service Requirements

The annual requirements to service all debt outstanding as of September 30, 2018 including both principal and interest, are as follows:

	Principal		Interest		Total		
2019	\$	340,000	\$	308,913	\$	648,913	
2020		350,000		302,113		652,113	
2021		370,000	291,613		661,613		
2022	385,000		280,513		665,513		
2023		410,000		268,963		678,963	
2024-2028		2,420,000		1,099,038		3,519,038	
2029-2033	3,180,000		549,313		3,729,313		
2034		745,000		29,797		774,797	
Totals	\$	8,200,000	\$	3,130,263	\$	11,330,263	

NOTE 8 - NOTES RECEIVABLE

At September 30, 2018, the Electric Fund reflected the following notes receivable:

Note receivable from Sturgis Hospital, Inc. collectible in monthly installments of \$2,247, plus interest at 6%, due in full September 30, 2023	\$	134,847
Note receivable from Brownfield Development Authority - component unit collectible beginning in 2021 with interest accruing at 2.468%, due in full within thirty years		1,700,000
Total	<u>\$</u>	1,834,847

NOTE 9 - LEASE RECEIVABLE

Discretely Presented Component Unit

Building Authority

At September 30, 2018, the Building Authority reflected the following lease receivable:

Lease receivable from Sturgis Hospital, Inc. collectible in monthly installments beginning March 1, 2010 and ending September 1, 2034, ranging from \$322,561 to \$411,159, receipts are pledged to the payment of the Notes to the Financial Statements

principal and interest on the Authority Bonds payable \$ 8,200,000

NOTE 10 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. It is the policy of the City to purchase commercial insurance for most risks of loss to which it is exposed and to cover the majority of the health care benefits provided to City employees.

Prior to May 1, 2013, the City was internally self-insured for claims arising from workers' compensation for all employees. Effective May 1, 2013, the City purchased commercial insurance for workers' compensation claims. The City continues to maintain the self-insurance reserve in an internal service fund for active run-out claims.

During the year ended September 30, 2018, a total of \$-0- was incurred in workers' compensation claims and related administrative costs.

Changes in the Workers' Compensation Self-Insurance Fund claims liability for the year ended September 30, 2018, was as follows:

Claims liability October 1	\$	20,000
Current year claims and		
changes in estimates		-
Claim payments		
Claims liability September 30	<u>\$</u>	20,000

For all eligible City employees, the City purchases commercial health care insurance. Stop-loss insurance coverage limits claim expense to \$65,000 per contract annually. Health care insurance premiums are accounted for in the Employee Benefit Fund. The City is self-insured for employee medical benefits which totaled \$747,859 in 2018 and are reported in the Employee Benefit Fund.

Changes in the Employee Benefit Fund self-insured claims liability for the year ended September 30, 2018, was as follows:

Claims liability October 1	\$	276,100
Current year claims and		
changes in estimates		747,859
Claim payments		747,859
Claims liability September 30	<u>\$</u>	276,100

NOTE 11 - DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

The City offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with the Internal Revenue Code Section 457 that is administered by ICMA Retirement Corporation. The plan,

Notes to the Financial Statements

available to all City employees, permits them to defer a portion of their payroll until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death or unforeseeable emergency. The plan trustee holds all assets of the plan, maintains accounting of each plan participant's accumulated assets and makes distributions to participants in accordance with the plan document. Participants may contribute any amount allowed by the plan. The City will match the employee contribution at different percentages based on the employee group. In fiscal year 2018, the City contributed \$127,590 in employer matching contributions. Plan provision and contribution requirements can only be amended by authorization of the City Commission.

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Benefits Provided

Plan Description. The City maintains a single-employer defined benefit pension plan (City of Sturgis Employers' Retirement System) which covers all City unionized employees who normally work 1,950 hours or more a year, and all other full time City employees. The system provides retirement, disability and death benefits to plan members and their beneficiaries. The plan does not issue a separate financial report.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Retirement benefits for employees are calculated as follows:

reduction factor for age)
Tatal samias multiplied but
Total service multiplied by: General - The sum of (a) 1.2% of the first \$4,200 of final compensation (FAC) and (b) 1.7% of FAC in excess of \$4,200.
Electrical - 2.0% of FAC.
2.5% of FAC.
Fire: Highest 3 consecutive years out of last 5.
Others: Highest 5 consecutive years out of last 10.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Eligibility	Amount				
Deferred Retirement					
Electric (hired prior to $3/1/2008$) and Non-Union (hired prior to $1/1/2009$): 5 years of service.	Computed as a regular retirement but based upon service and final average compensation at termination date. Benefit begins at normal retirement age.				
Electric (hired on or after $3/1/2008$ and prior to $3/1/2015$) and Non-Union (hired on or after 1/1/2009 and prior to $1/1/2016$): 8 years of service.					
Electric (hired on or after $3/1/2015$) and Non-Union (hired on or after $1/1/2016$): 10 years of service.					
Fire (hired before 10/11/2017): 8 years of service, 5 years of service if retiring at age 60.					
Fire (hired after 10/11/2017): 10 years of service.					
Others: 10 years of service.					
Non-Duty Death Before Retirement					

10 years of service.

Computed as a regular retirement but actuarially reduced in accordance with a 100% joint and survivor election.

Duty Death Before Retirement

No age or service requirements.

Upon termination of Worker's Compensation, benefits equal to the Worker's Compensation payments to the spouse, children under age 18 and dependent parents.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Eligibility	Amount				
Non-Duty Disability Retirement					
10 years of service.	Computed as a regular retirement. Maximum Amount - Final average compensation less Social Security amount, if any.				
Duty Disc	ability Retirement				
No age or service requirements.	Computed as regular retirement. Upon attaining age 65 and termination of Worker's Compensation, additional service credit is granted for period in receipt of Worker's Compensation, and benefit is recomputed. Minimum amount - 17% of final average compensation less Social Security amount. Maximum amount - Final average compensation less Worker's Compensation less Social Security amount.				
Membe	r Contributions				
General Electric Police Fire	1.80% of gross pension wages.4.55% of gross pension wages.3.01% of gross pension wages.4.30% of gross pension wages.				
Required contributions in excess of the Employer Cap are paid by active employees. Contribution balances are credited with 3.0% interest annually.					
Cap on Emp	oloyer Contributions				

General (hired on or after 12/31/2012) Electric (hired on or after 3/1/2012) Police (hired on or after 10/1/2011) Fire (hired on or after 10/1/2012)

Required contributions in excess of the Employer Cap are paid by active employees. 10.0% of gross pension wages.10.0% of gross pension wages.16.2% of gross pension wages.16.2% of gross pension wages.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Eligibility	Amount				
Member FAC Factor Buy-Up Contributions					
Electric (hired prior to 3/1/2008)	Discontinued on 10/1/2014.				
Fire	Discontinued on 10/1/2011.				
Police and Dispatchers	Discontinued on 10/1/2013.				
Post-Retirement Adjustment					
Police Union	In addition to the normal pension benefits, the City will pay as a cost-of-living adjustment \$500 per year for 15 years, on a cumulative basis, to the first 2 employees who irrevocably notify the City and retire in each of the contract years commencing 10/1/2003, 2004, and 2005.				

The City's Plan benefits and contribution requirements were established and may be amended under the authority of the City Commission and under agreements with the City's collective bargaining units representing various classes of employees.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

At the September 30, 2018 measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive plan members or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	106
Inactive plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	27
Active plan members	96
Total employees covered by MERS	229

Contributions

Article 9, Section 24 of the State of Michigan constitution requires that financial benefits arising on account of employee service rendered in each year be funded during that year. Accordingly, MERS retains an independent actuary to determine the annual contribution. The employer is required to contribute amounts at least equal to the actuarially determined rate, as established by the MERS retirement board. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by plan members during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The employer may establish contribution rates to be paid by its covered employees. The funding policy provides for periodic employer contributions at actuarially determined rates.

For the year ended	September 30.	, 2018, the Ci	ty had the followi	ng contribution rates:
2	1	, ,	2	0

	Employer	Employee
Division	Contributions	Contributions
General	6.77%	N/A
Electric Union	12.55%	2.76%
Police	19.32%	3.52%
Fire	19.61%	3.77%

Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability reported at September 30, 2018 was determined using a measure of the total pension liability and the pension net position as of September 30, 2018. The September 30, 2018 total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of that date.

Changes in the net pension liability during the measurement year were as follows:

	Increase (Decrease)						
	Total Pension		· · ·		Net Pension		
Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset)		Liability		Plan Net Position		Liability (Asset)	
Balance at September 30, 2017	\$ 35,113,976		\$	35,555,349	\$	(441,373)	
Service cost		801,729		-		801,729	
Interest		2,248,088		-		2,248,088	
Difference between expected and actual experience		69,707		-		69,707	
Contributions - Employer	-			484,776		(484,776)	
Contributions - Employee		-		168,973		(168,973)	
Net investment income		-		2,268,382		(2,268,382)	
Benefit payments, including refunds		(1,857,728)		(1,857,728)		-	
Administrative expenses		-		(57,848)		57,848	
Net changes		1,261,796		1,006,555		255,241	
Balance at September 30, 2018	\$	36,375,772	\$	36,561,904	\$	(186,132)	

The net pension asset was allocated among governmental activities (\$111,679) and business-type activities (\$74,453). Business-type activities were further allocated among the electric (\$59,562), sanitary sewer (\$11,168), and water (\$3,723) funds.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the September 30, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation: 3.0% Salary Increases: 4.00% to 14.00% Investment rate of return: 7.00% Mortality: RP-2000 Table projected to 2020 with scale AA for both men and women)

The actuarial assumptions used in the valuation were based on the results of the most recent actuarial experience study.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a model method in which the best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment and administrative expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation
Global equity	72%
Global fixed income	28%
Real assets	1%
	100.0%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability is 6.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that employer and employee contributions will be made at the rates agreed upon for employees and the actuarially determined rates for employers. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to pay all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 6.50 percent, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.50 percent) or one percentage point higher (7.50 percent) than the current rate:

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(5.50%)	(6.50%)	(7.50%)
Net pension liability (asset) of the City	\$ 4,634,255	\$ (186,132)	\$ (4,178,461)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended September 30, 2018, the City recognized pension expense of \$1,191,877. At September 30, 2018, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	-	Deferred utflows of	-	Deferred nflows of
Source	-	lesources		esources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	170,939	\$	236,418
Changes in assumptions		801,145		2,304
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		534,312		985,961
Total	\$	1,506,396	\$	1,224,683

Deferred outflows of resources were allocated among governmental activities (\$903,837) and business-type activities (\$602,559). Business-type activities were further allocated among the electric (\$482,047), sanitary sewer (\$90,384), and water (\$30,128) funds. Deferred inflows of resources were also allocated among governmental activities (\$734,809) and business-type activities (\$489,874). Business-type activities were further allocated among the electric (\$391,899), sanitary sewer (\$73,481), and water (\$24,494) funds.

Amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Years Ending	
September 30	Amount
2019	\$ 573,231
2020	(112,783)
2021	(192,056)
2022	13,321

NOTE 13 - POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS

Plan Description

The City provides retiree healthcare benefits through the City of Sturgis's retiree healthcare plan (the "Plan") to eligible employees and their spouses who meet age and service requirements and were hired prior to specific dates according to collective bargaining agreements or City policy.

Benefits Provided and Contributions

The Plan was established and is being funded under the authority of the City. The City has no obligation to make contributions in advance of when the insurance premiums are due for payment (in other words, this may be financed on a "pay-as-you-go" basis). However, as shown below, the City made contributions to advance-fund these benefits, as determined by the City Council through annual budget resolutions.

Membership of the Plan consisted of the following at the date of the latest actuarial valuation (September 30, 2018):

Inactive plan members or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	66
Inactive plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	3
Active plan members	51
Total employees covered by the Plan	120

Methods and Assumptions

The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of September 30, 2018 and a measurement date of September 30, 2018 and the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	4.00%
Salary increases	0.05% to 10.00%
Investment rate of return	7.00%
Discount rate	7.00%
Average retirement age	47
Mortality	Based on RPH-2018 Tables with Scale MP-2018.

Healthcare cost trend rates starting at 8% in 2019 for pre and post-Medicare health care decreasing to a rate of 4.5% by 0.5% steps each year.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.00 percent. This discount rate is used to determine the Total OPEB Liability. September 30, 2018 is the first year of required compliance with GASB 75, so there is no required discount rate change to disclose.

Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

Investment Rate of Return

The investment rate of return was assumed to be 7.00 percent, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation. The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined by using the long-term expected rate of return using the target asset allocation:

		Long-term
		Expected Real
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Rate of Return
Global Fixed Income	40.00%	3.76%
Global Equity	60.00%	8.65%
Total	100.00%	6.69%

Changes in the net OPEB liability during the measurement year were as follows:

	Increase (Decrease)					
		Fotal OPEB				
Changes in OPEB Liability		Liability	Plar	Net Position	OI	PEB Liability
Balance at September 30, 2017	\$	11,000,656	\$	7,096,892	\$	3,903,764
Service cost		72,300		-		72,300
Interest		757,030		-		757,030
Changes in assumptions		(87,285)		-		(87,285)
Differences between expected and actual experience		(674,013)		-		(674,013)
Contributions - employer		-		907,200		(907,200)
Net investment income		-		429,888		(429,888)
Benefit payments		(525,378)		(525,378)		-
Trust administrative expenses		-		(18,121)		18,121
Net changes		(457,346)		793,589		(1,250,935)
Balance at September 30, 2018	\$	10,543,310	\$	7,890,481	\$	2,652,829

The net OPEB liability was allocated among governmental activities (\$2,016,150) and business-type activities (\$636,679). Business-type activities were further allocated among the electric (\$504,037), sanitary sewer (\$79,585), and water (\$53,057) funds.

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the employer, calculated using the discount rate of 7.00 percent, as well as what the employer's net OPEB liability would be using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or higher than the current rate:

	1% Decrease		Current Rate				
	(6.00%)		_	(7.00%)		% In	crease (8.00%)
Net OPEB Liability	\$	3,807,447	\$	2,652,829		\$	1,674,919

Plan fiduciary position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability at the current discount rate was 74.80%.

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the employer, calculated using the healthcare cost trend rate of 8.00 percent, as well as what the employer's net OPEB liability would be using a healthcare cost trend rate that is 1 percentage point lower or higher than the current rate:

	1% Decrease		Current Rate			
	(7.00%)		(8.00%)		1% Ir	ncrease (9.00%)
Net OPEB Liability	\$	1,714,707	\$	2,652,829	\$	3,750,375

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB Plan

For the year ended September 30, 2018, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$163,712. At September 30, 2018, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	D	Deferred		Deferred
	Ou	ttflows of]	Inflows of
Source	Re	esources	F	Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	(505,510)
Changes in assumptions		-		(65,464)
Net difference between projected and actual earnings in OPEB plan investments		63,527		-
Total	\$	63,527	\$	(570,974)

Deferred outflows of resources were allocated among governmental activities (\$42,280) and business-type activities (\$15,247). Business-type activities were further allocated among the electric (\$12,070), sanitary sewer (\$1,906), and water (\$1,271) funds. Deferred inflows of resources were also allocated among governmental activities (\$433,939) and business-type

activities (\$137,035). Business-type activities were further allocated among the electric (\$108,485), sanitary sewer (\$17,131), and water (\$11,419) funds.

Amounts reported as deferred outflows / (inflows) of resources will be recognized in OPEB expense (income) as follows:

Years Ending	
September 30	 Amount
2019	\$ (174,442)
2020	(174,442)
2021	(174,444)
2022	15,881

NOTE 14 - CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the state and federal governments. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the City expects such amounts if any, to be immaterial.

The City is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although, the outcome of these lawsuits are not presently determinable, it is the opinion of the City's counsel that resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the City.

NOTE 15 - PURCHASED POWER AGREEMENT

The City has entered into an agreement as of May 24, 2006, with Indiana Michigan Power Company (American Electric Power) to purchase electric service on a cost-based formula rate. The contract period runs from July 1, 2006 through May 31, 2026 and includes various cancellation clauses for either party based on advance notification dates or specific circumstances arising. The City receives a monthly invoice which includes a demand charge, energy charge and a fuel charge. The fuel charge is adjusted monthly from an estimated fuel rate factor to an actual. The contract also includes a formula rate true-up clause which requires a calendar year computation based on actual generation demand and generation energy charges. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018, the City incurred purchased power cost under this agreement of \$17,615,904 which is included in the Electric Fund as Purchased Power expense and includes an estimated liability of \$256,000 for future true-up cost charges.

NOTE 16 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

The annual budget is prepared by the City management and adopted by the City Commission; subsequent amendments are approved by the City Commission. Unexpended appropriations lapse

City of Sturgis

at year-end; encumbrances are not included as expenditures. During the current year, the budget was amended in a legally permissible manner.

The budget has been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

State statutes provide that a local unit shall not incur expenditures in excess of the amount appropriated. The approved budgets of the City were adopted on a fund level basis.

During the year ended September 30, 2018, the City incurred expenditures in excess of the amounts appropriated at the legal level of budgetary control as follows:

The transfers out line item had a negative variance of \$242,000 due to an amended budget of \$1,193,480 and the actual amount being \$1,435,480.

NOTE 17 - FUND EQUITY DEFICITS

The Brownfield Redevelopment Authority component unit had a deficit net position (full accrual basis) of \$1,891,327 at September 30, 2018. The City plans to eliminate the net position deficit with future tax increment financing collections.

NOTE 18 - TAX ABATEMENTS

The City received reduced property tax revenues during 2018 as a result of industrial facilities tax exemptions (IFT's) and brownfield redevelopment agreements entered into by the City.

The IFT's were entered into based upon the Plant Rehabilitation and Industrial Development Districts Act, (known as the Industrial Facilities Exemption) PA 198 of 1974, as amended. IFT's provide a tax incentive to manufacturers to enable renovation and expansion of aging facilities, assist in the building of new facilities, and to promote the establishment of high tech facilities. Properties qualifying for IFT status are taxed at 50% of the millage rate applicable to other real and personal property in the City. The abatements amounted to \$91,423 in reduced City tax revenues for 2018.

Brownfield redevelopment agreements are intended to reimburse taxpayers that remediate environmental contamination on their properties. These agreements were entered into based upon the Brownfield Redevelopment Act, PA 381 of 1996, as amended. Under this Act, a municipality may create a brownfield redevelopment authority to develop and implement brownfield projects. Tax increment financing may be used as a tool for property redevelopment. The abatements amounted to \$45,698 in reduced City tax revenues for 2018.

NOTE 19 - CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE

During the current year, the City adopted GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. As a result, the government-wide

City of Sturgis

Notes to the Financial Statements

statements now include an increase in OPEB liability by \$628,014 that corresponded with a decrease in net position of the same amount.

The following table shows the changes described above and includes the adjustments of net position indicated above:

	Governmental		Sanitary		Business-type
	Activities	Electric	Sewer	Water	Activities
Net Position - September 30, 2017, as previously reported					
As previously reported, including reclassification	\$ 26,460,138	\$ 38,539,245	\$ 11,813,165	\$ 5,739,171	\$ 56,091,581
Adoption of GASB Statement No. 75	(477,291)	(119,323)	(18,841)	(12,559)	(150,723)
Net Position - September 30, 2017 - as restated	\$ 25,982,847	\$ 38,419,922	\$ 11,794,324	\$ 5,726,612	\$ 55,940,858

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

City of Sturgis Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance-Budget and Actual General Fund For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

	Budgete	d An	nounts				Variance Positive (Negative)
	 Original		Final		Actual	I	Final to Actual
Revenues	 			-			
Property Taxes	\$ 2,747,460	\$	3,012,460	\$	3,002,672	\$	(9,788)
Licenses and Permits	7,800		7,800		9,770		1,970
State Sources	1,124,900		1,124,900		1,062,016		(62,884)
Charges for Services	220,000		220,000		244,300		24,300
Fines and Forfeits	33,000		33,000		21,581		(11,419)
Investment Income	150,000		150,000		191,486		41,486
Contributions	30,000		68,000		51,970		(16,030)
Payments in Lieu of Taxes	2,596,860		2,596,860		2,601,817		4,957
Administrative Reimbursement	1,020,120		1,020,120		1,020,120		
Other	 162,750		162,750		186,473		23,723
Total Revenues	8,092,890	_	8,395,890		8,392,205		(3,685)
Expenditures							
Legislative	45,080		45,080		41,862		3,218
General Government	1,277,655		1,277,655		1,243,263		34,392
Public Safety	4,635,125		4,505,125		4,263,303		241,822
Public Works	432,940		432,940		413,467		19,473
Health and Welfare	2,000		2,000		1,500		500
Recreation and Culture	714,140		632,140		621,072		11,068
Community and Economic Development	210,515		215,515		195,423		20,092
Capital Outlay	15,000		448,000		386,568		61,432
Debt Service - Principal	12,728		12,728		12,728		
Debt Service - Interest	 7,172		7,172		6,492		680
Total Expenditures	7,352,355		7,578,355		7,185,678		392,677
Other Financing Uses							
Transfers Out	 1,193,480		1,193,480		1,435,480		(242,000)
Total Expenditures and Other							
Financing Uses	8,545,835		8,771,835		8,621,158		150,677
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over Expenditures and Other Uses	 (452,945)		(375,945)		(228,953)		146,992
Net Change in Fund Balance	(452,945)		(375,945)		(228,953)		146,992
Fund Balance at Beginning of Period	 3,167,228		3,167,228		3,167,228		
Fund Balance at End of Period	\$ 2,714,283	\$	2,791,283	\$	2,938,275	\$	146,992

City of Sturgis Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Last Five Fiscal Years

		2018		2017		2016		2015		2014
Total Pension Liability										
Service Cost	\$	801,729	\$	681,111	\$	728,751	\$	700,614	\$	646,831
Interest		2,248,088		2,164,205		2,129,388		2,079,410		1,964,261
Difference between expected and actual experience		69,707		200,830		(609,493)		(385,599)		646,323
Change in assumptions		-		(4,006)		2,382,661		-		-
Changes in benefits		-		-		-		-		(20,349)
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds		(1,857,728)		(1,766,128)		(1,674,660)		(1,596,821)		(1,515,532)
Administrative expenses		-		-		(39,840)		(60,802)		(64,799)
Net Change in Pension Liability		1,261,796		1,276,012		2,916,807		736,802		1,656,735
Total Pension Liability - Beginning		35,113,976		33,837,964		30,921,157		30,184,355		28,527,620
Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)	\$	36,375,772	\$	35,113,976	\$	33,837,964	\$	30,921,157	\$	30,184,355
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	•		<i>•</i>		<i>•</i>	510 00 0	•		<i>•</i>	
Contributions - Employer	\$	484,776	\$	511,856	\$	512,328	\$	559,403	\$	605,570
Contributions - Member		168,973		165,471		159,472		156,826		115,200
Net Investment Income (Loss)		2,268,382		3,294,014		2,852,212		(393,156)		2,929,450
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds		(1,857,728)		(1,766,128)		(1,674,660)		(1,596,821)		(1,515,532)
Administrative Expenses		(57,848)		(46,542)		(39,840)		(60,802)		(64,799)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position		1,006,555		2,158,671		1,809,512		(1,334,550)		2,069,889
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning		35,555,349		33,396,678		31,587,166		32,921,716		30,851,827
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	\$	36,561,904	\$	35,555,349	\$	33,396,678	\$	31,587,166	\$	32,921,716
Net Pension Liability - Ending (a) - (b)	\$	(186,132)	\$	(441,373)	\$	441,286	\$	(666,009)	\$	(2,737,361)
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability		100.51%		101.26%		98.70%		102.15%		109.07%
Covered Payroll	\$	6,116,674	\$	5,532,246	\$	5,642,470	\$	5,347,161	\$	5,090,884
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		-3.04%		-7.98%		7.82%		-12.46%		-53.77%

City of Sturgis Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Contributions Last Five Fiscal Years

	2018		2017		2016		2015		2014	
Actuarially Determined Contribution Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially Determined Contribution Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ \$	484,776 505,737 (20,961)	\$ \$	511,855 483,387 28,468	\$ \$	512,328 521,972 (9,644)	\$ \$	559,403 561,708 (2,305)	\$ \$	605,570 574,553 31,017
Covered Payroll	6,116,674		5,532,246		5,642,470		5,347,161		5,090,884	
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		7.93%		9.25%		9.08%		10.46%		11.90%

Notes

Valuation Date

Actuarially determined contribution amounts are calculated as of September 30, 2018.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates

Actuarial cost method	Individual Entry Age Normal Cost
Amortization method	Level percentage of pay, open
Remaining amortization period	15 years
Asset valuation method	Market value with 5-year smoothing; 20% corridor
Inflation	3.00%
Salary increases	4.00% to 14.00%
Investment rate of return	7.00%
Retirement Age	Age and experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition.
Mortality	RP-2000 Table projected to 2020 with scale AA for both men and women. - 75 -

City of Sturgis Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Last Fiscal Year

	 2018
Total OPEB Liability	
Service Cost	\$ 72,300
Interest	757,030
Changes in assumptions	(87,285)
Differences between expected and actual experience	(674,013)
Benefit payments	(525,378)
Net Change in total OPEB Liability	 (457,346)
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning	11,000,656
Total OPEB Liability - Ending (a)	\$ 10,543,310
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	
Contributions/benefit payments made from general operating funds	\$ 907,200
Net investment income	429,888
Benefit payments	(525,378)
Trust administrative expenses	(18,121)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	 793,589
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	7,096,892
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	\$ 7,890,481
Net OPEB Liability - Ending (a) - (b)	\$ 2,652,829
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total OPEB Liability	74.8%
Covered Payroll	\$ 3,748,674
Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	70.8%

* Built prospectively upon implementation of GASB 75

City of Sturgis Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Contributions - OPEB Last Fiscal Year

		2018
Actuarially Determined Contribution Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially Determined Contribution Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ \$	906,796 907,200 (404)
Covered Payroll	\$.	3,748,674
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		24.2%

Notes

Valuation Date: September 30, 2018

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates

Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal Level % of Salary
Amortization method	Level Dollar
Remaining amortization period	10 Years
Asset valuation method	Market Value
Inflation	4.00%
Salary increases	4.5% to 14.00%
Investment rate of return	7.00%
Retirement Age	Average - 47 years
Mortality	Based on RPH-2018 Tables with Scale MP-2018.

* Built prospectively upon implementation of GASB 75

Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules

City of Sturgis Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds September 30, 2018

						Special	Revenu	e				
	Major Streets		Local Streets		Municipal Street		Municipal Street/Sidewalk Improvement		Building Department			lousing partment
ASSETS												
Cash and Investments	\$	607,638	\$	570,142	\$	2,369,375	\$	133,972	\$	141,190	\$	30,414
Accounts Receivable												
Taxes Receivable								67,257				
Special Assessments Receivable								25,794				
Inventory												
Prepaid Items												
Due from Other Governmental Units		132,000		47,897				27,331				
Restricted Assets	-										_	
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	739,638	\$	618,039	\$	2,369,375	\$	254,354	\$	141,190	\$	30,414
LIABILITIES												
Accounts Payable	\$	11,967	\$	6,445	\$	25,949	\$	33,399	\$	274	\$	497
Accrued Expenses		7,773		5,703						2,555		
Customer Deposits												500
Unearned Revenue								54,971				
Total Liabilities		19,740		12,148		25,949		88,370		2,829		997
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES												
Unavailable Revenue								25,794				
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources		19,740		12,148		25,949		114,164		2,829		997
FUND BALANCE												
Nonspendable												
Restricted		719,898		605,891				140,190				
Committed						2,343,426				138,361		29,417
Unassigned												
Total Fund Balance		719,898		605,891		2,343,426		140,190		138,361		29,417
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balance	\$	739,638	\$	618,039	\$	2,369,375	\$	254,354	\$	141,190	\$	30,414

City of Sturgis Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds September 30, 2018

					Special	Revenu	e			
	(Cemetery	Drug orcement	ŀ	Recreation	Civic	Auditorium	S	turgis Arts Council	Doyle ommunity Center
ASSETS										
Cash and Investments	\$	35,678	\$ 18,204	\$	42,083	\$	47,278	\$	37,060	\$ 117,422
Accounts Receivable		4,342					38,618		575	
Taxes Receivable										
Special Assessments Receivable										
Inventory							21,722			
Prepaid Items									7,500	
Due from Other Governmental Units										
Restricted Assets										
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	40,020	\$ 18,204	\$	42,083	\$	107,618	\$	45,135	\$ 117,422
LIABILITIES										
Accounts Payable	\$	485	\$ 	\$	1,521	\$	54,410	\$	4,192	\$ 8,072
Accrued Expenses		6,448			2,817		9,713		283	6,356
Customer Deposits							1,625			
Unearned Revenue									2,757	25,186
Total Liabilities		6,933	 		4,338		65,748		7,232	39,614
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			 							
Unavailable Revenue										
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources		6,933	 		4,338		65,748		7,232	39,614
FUND BALANCE		· · · ·	 		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	 <u> </u>
Nonspendable							21,722		7,500	
Restricted										
Committed		33,087	18,204		37,745		20,148		30,403	77,808
Unassigned										
Total Fund Balance		33,087	 18,204		37,745		41,870		37,903	 77,808
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balance	\$	40,020	\$ 18,204	\$	42,083	\$	107,618	\$	45,135	\$ 117,422
······································	-	-	-		,		-			

City of Sturgis Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds September 30, 2018

	Special Revenue			P	Permanent			
		Airport	_Cap	ital Projects	Cem	netery Trust		tal Nonmajor overnmental Funds
ASSETS	¢	42,022	¢	1.020.106	¢		¢	5 221 (74
Cash and Investments	\$	43,022	\$	1,028,196	\$		\$	5,221,674
Accounts Receivable		5,607						49,142
Taxes Receivable								67,257
Special Assessments Receivable								25,794
Inventory		33,365						55,087
Prepaid Items		2,813						10,313
Due from Other Governmental Units								207,228
Restricted Assets	•		Φ		•	631,562	•	631,562
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	84,807	\$	1,028,196	\$	631,562	\$	6,268,057
LIABILITIES								
Accounts Payable	\$	3,409	\$	46,767	\$		\$	197,387
Accrued Expenses		689						42,337
Customer Deposits								2,125
Unearned Revenue								82,914
Total Liabilities		4,098		46,767				324,763
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Unavailable Revenue								25,794
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources		4,098		46,767				350,557
FUND BALANCE								
Nonspendable		36,178						65,400
Restricted						631,562		2,097,541
Committed		44,531		981,429				3,754,559
Unassigned								
Total Fund Balance		80,709	-	981,429		631,562		5,917,500
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balance	\$	84,807	\$	1,028,196	\$	631,562	\$	6,268,057

City of Sturgis Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

			Special 1	Revenue		
	Major Streets	Local Streets	Municipal Street	Municipal Street/Sidewalk Improvement	Building Department	Housing Department
Revenues	•	*	.	• • • • • • •	¢.	•
Property Taxes	\$	\$ 333,359	\$	\$ 648,236	\$	\$
Licenses and Permits					65,001	
State Sources	901,981	384,507				48,800
County Sources						
Charges for Services						24,497
Fines and Forfeits						
Contributions						
Other	1,733	5,086		49,357		
Investment Income (Loss)	4,380	4,356	28,810		329	77
Total Revenues	908,094	727,308	28,810	697,593	65,330	73,374
Expenditures						
General Government						
Public Safety					112,573	
Public Works	674,677	456,463	86,114	600,187		
Recreation and Culture						
Community and Economic Development						101,456
Capital Outlay						17,317
Debt Service - Principal						
Debt Service - Interest						
Total Expenditures	674,677	456,463	86,114	600,187	112,573	118,773
Excess of Revenues Over						
(Under) Expenditures	233,417	270,845	(57,304)	97,406	(47,243)	(45,399)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			<u></u>		^	`
Proceeds from Loan Issuance						
Transfers In					30,000	60,000
Transfers Out						
Net Other Financing Sources (Uses)					30,000	60,000
Net Change in Fund Balance	233,417	270,845	(57,304)	97,406	(17,243)	14,601
Fund Balance at Beginning of Period	486,481	335,046	2,400,730	42,784	155,604	14,816
Fund Balance at End of Period	\$ 719,898	\$ 605,891	\$ 2,343,426	\$ 140,190	\$ 138,361	\$ 29,417

City of Sturgis Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

	Special Revenue					
	Cemetery	Drug Enforcement	Recreation	Civic Auditorium	Sturgis Arts Council	Doyle Community Center
Revenues						
Property Taxes	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Licenses and Permits						
State Sources						
County Sources						
Charges for Services	80,621		56,613	289,777	56,476	417,851
Fines and Forfeits		836				
Contributions			12,875	134,974	3,688	42,696
Other	2,330	105		78,918		58,112
Investment Income (Loss)	34	75	116		104	184
Total Revenues	82,985	1,016	69,604	503,669	60,268	518,843
Expenditures						
General Government	280,223					
Public Safety		7,153				
Public Works						
Recreation and Culture			176,239	575,630	73,607	445,958
Community and Economic Development						
Capital Outlay				160,966		255,532
Debt Service - Principal				40,635		22,288
Debt Service - Interest				20,731		11,536
Total Expenditures	280,223	7,153	176,239	797,962	73,607	735,314
Excess of Revenues Over						
(Under) Expenditures	(197,238)	(6,137)	(106,635)	(294,293)	(13,339)	(216,471)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)	. <u> </u>	<u> </u>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<u></u>	<u>.</u>	<u></u>
Proceeds from Loan Issuance						237,000
Transfers In	204,716		105,000	310,339		35,000
Transfers Out						
Net Other Financing Sources (Uses)	204,716		105,000	310,339		272,000
Net Change in Fund Balance	7,478	(6,137)	(1,635)	16,046	(13,339)	55,529
Fund Balance at Beginning of Period	25,609	24,341	39,380	25,824	51,242	22,279
Fund Balance at End of Period	\$ 33,087	\$ 18,204	\$ 37,745	\$ 41,870	\$ 37,903	\$ 77,808

City of Sturgis Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

	Special Revenue			Permanent	
	Airport Capital Pro		Capital Projects	Cemetery Trus	Total Nonmajor Governmental t Funds
Revenues	¢		Φ.	ф.	¢ 001.505
Property Taxes	\$		\$	\$	\$ 981,595
Licenses and Permits					65,001
State Sources					1,335,288
County Sources			111,043		111,043
Charges for Services		114,545		4,21	
Fines and Forfeits					836
Contributions			141,937		336,170
Other		50,207			245,848
Investment Income (Loss)		96	6,607	7,56	
Total Revenues		164,848	259,587	11,77	4,173,106
Expenditures					
General Government					280,223
Public Safety					119,726
Public Works		236,209			2,053,650
Recreation and Culture			3,028		1,274,462
Community and Economic Development					101,456
Capital Outlay		4,162	467,530		905,507
Debt Service - Principal					62,923
Debt Service - Interest					32,267
Total Expenditures		240,371	470,558		4,830,214
Excess of Revenues Over					
(Under) Expenditures		(75,523)	(210,971)	11,77	77 (657,108)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)		`´_,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Proceeds from Loan Issuance					237,000
Transfers In		100,000	500,000		1,345,055
Transfers Out			(14,839)	(4,73	
Net Other Financing Sources (Uses)		100,000	485,161	(4,73	
Net Change in Fund Balance		24,477	274,190	7,04	<u></u>
Fund Balance at Beginning of Period		56,232	707,239	624,52	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Fund Balance at End of Period	\$	80,709	\$ 981,429	\$ 631,50	

City of Sturgis Combining Statement of Net Position Internal Service Funds September 30, 2018

			Inte	rnal Service				
	Workers' Compensation Insurance		Motor Vehicle and Equipment		Employee Benefit		Total Internal Service Funds	
ASSETS								
Current Assets								
Cash and Investments	\$	195,591	\$	1,490,128	\$	306,933	\$	1,992,652
Accounts Receivable				92		35,000		35,092
Inventory				2,588				2,588
Prepaid Items		97,018				192,701		289,719
Total Current Assets		292,609		1,492,808		534,634		2,320,051
Noncurrent Assets								
Capital Assets being Depreciated				1,478,724			_	1,478,724
Total Assets		292,609		2,971,532		534,634		3,798,775
LIABILITIES								
Current Liabilities								
Accounts Payable		20,884		31,388		157,379		209,651
Accrued Expenses				2,536		274,500		277,036
Current Portion of Long-term Debt				62,925				62,925
Total Current Liabilities		20,884		96,849		431,879		549,612
Noncurrent Liabilities								
Long-term Debt, net of Current Position				540,432				540,432
Total Liabilities		20,884		637,281		431,879		1,090,044
NET POSITION								
Net Investment in Capital Assets				875,367				875,367
Unrestricted		271,725		1,458,884		102,755		1,833,364
Total Net Position	\$	271,725	\$	2,334,251	\$	102,755	\$	2,708,731

City of Sturgis Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Internal Service Funds For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

	Workers' Compensation Insurance	Motor Vehicle and Equipment	Employee Benefit	Total Internal Service Funds
Operating Revenues				
Charges for Services	\$ 140,444	\$ 1,072,951	\$ 2,001,220	\$ 3,214,615
Other		1,148		1,148
Total Operating Revenues	140,444	1,074,099	2,001,220	3,215,763
Operating Expenses				
Material, Maintenance, and Other		382,356		382,356
General and Administrative	1,200	100,651	36,220	138,071
Depreciation		524,096		524,096
Insurance Premiums and Claims	143,773	40,787	1,955,847	2,140,407
Total Operating Expenses	144,973	1,047,890	1,992,067	3,184,930
Operating Income (Loss)	(4,529)	26,209	9,153	30,833
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)				
Investment Income (Loss)	281	13,912	3,327	17,520
Gain (Loss) on Sale of Assets		9,140		9,140
Interest Expense		(12,952)		(12,952)
Net Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	281	10,100	3,327	13,708
Change In Net Position	(4,248)	36,309	12,480	44,541
Net Position at Beginning of Period	275,973	2,297,942	90,275	2,664,190
Net Position at End of Period	\$ 271,725	\$ 2,334,251	\$ 102,755	\$ 2,708,731

City of Sturgis Combining Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Funds For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

			Inte	ernal Service			
	Con	orkers' pensation surance		otor Vehicle l Equipment	Emj	ployee Benefit	tal Internal rvice Funds
Cash Flows from Operating Activities							
Cash received from Interfund Services	\$	140,444	\$	1,074,007	\$	2,004,952	\$ 3,219,403
Cash payments for Goods and Services		(135,126)		(445,697)		(1,994,952)	(2,575,775)
Cash payments to Employees				(65,048)			 (65,048)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities		5,318		563,262		10,000	578,580
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities							
Change in Capital Assets				(150,665)			(150,665)
Principal and Interest Paid on Long-term Debt				(71,644)			(71,644)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities				(222,309)			(222,309)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities							
Investment Income		281		13,912		3,327	17,520
Net Cash Provided by from Investing Activities		281		13,912		3,327	17,520
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Equivalents		5,599		354,865		13,327	373,791
Cash and Equivalents - Beginning of Year		189,992		1,135,263		293,606	 1,618,861
Cash and Equivalents - End of Year	\$	195,591	\$	1,490,128	\$	306,933	\$ 1,992,652
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to							
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities							
Operating Income (Loss)		(4,529)		26,209		9,153	30,833
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash							
Provided (Used) by Operating Activities							
Depreciation Expense				524,096			524,096
Changes in Assets & Liabilities							
Receivables				(92)		3,732	3,640
Prepaid Items		9,973				(26,222)	(16,249)
Inventory				118			118
Accounts Payable		(126)		12,563		(251,163)	(238,726)
Accrued Expenses				368		274,500	274,868
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$	5,318	\$	563,262	\$	10,000	\$ 578,580

CITY OF STURGIS COMPONENT UNIT FUND DOWNTOWN DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY BALANCE SHEET SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

		(General
ASSETS		¢	145 972
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable		\$	145,823 1,829
Due from governmental units			1,829
Prepaid assets			2,539
Total assets		\$	150,191
LIABILITIES			
Liabilities		*	
Accounts Payable		\$	5,970
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Unavailable revenue			32,585
Shavanable revenue			52,505
FUND BALANCE			
Nonspendable			2,539
Restricted			109,097
Total fund balance			111,636
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of			
resources and fund balance		\$	150,191
resources and fund balance		Φ	130,191
RECONCILIATION OF THE BA THE STATEMENT OF N			
Total fund balance - governmental fund		\$	111,636
Amounts reported for the governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:			
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds			
Governmental capital assets	586,362		
Less accumulated depreciation	(463,390)		122,972
Certain liabilities are not due and payable in the current periods and therefore are not reported in the funds			
Note payable			(105,302)
Net position of governmental activities		<u>\$</u>	129,306

CITY OF STURGIS COMPONENT UNIT FUND DOWNTOWN DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	_(General
REVENUE Captured property taxes	\$	37,989
State sources	Ŷ	4,157
Charges for services		16,223
Interest		251
Rents		-
Other		35,000
Total revenues		93,620
EXPENDITURES		
Economic development		33,212
Debt service - principal		11,564
Debt service - interest		
Total expenditures		44,776
EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER EXPENDITURES		48,844
FUND BALANCE – BEGINNING OF YEAR		62,792
FUND BALANCE – END OF YEAR	\$	111,636
RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUND TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVIT	TIES	
Net change in fund balance - governmental fund	\$	48,844
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is depreciated over their estimated useful lives.		
Asset disposal		(35,000)
Expenditures for capital assets		-
Depreciated expense		(34,046)
Repayment of loan principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of position.		
Principal payments on debt obligations		11,564
Change in net position of governmental activities	<u>\$</u>	(8,638)

CITY OF STURGIS COMPONENT UNIT FUND BROWNFIELD REDEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY BALANCE SHEET SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	General
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable	\$ 38,747 68,318
Total assets	<u>\$ 107,065</u>
LIABILITIES Accounts payable	\$ -
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable revenue	68,318
FUND BALANCE Restricted (deficit)	38,747
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balance	<u>\$ 107,065</u>
RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION	
Total fund balance (deficit) - governmental fund	\$ 38,747
Amounts reported for the governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Certain assets are not available to pay current expenditures and therefore are not reported in the funds.	
Accounts receivable	68,318
Certain liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	
Accrued interest payable Notes payable	(83,912) (1,846,162)
Net position of governmental activities (deficit)	<u>\$ (1,823,009</u>)

CITY OF STURGIS COMPONENT UNIT FUND BROWNFIELD REDEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	_(General
REVENUE Captured property taxes Other	\$	172,943 7,500
Total revenues		180,443
EXPENDITURES Community development Debt service - principal Debt service - interest		- 73,792 <u>3,299</u>
Total expenditures		77,091
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		103,352
FUND BALANCE – BEGINNING OF YEAR		(64,605)
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) – END OF YEAR	<u>\$</u>	38,747
RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUND TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES		
Net change in fund balance - governmental fund	\$	103,352
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current resources are not reported as revenues in the funds, but rather are deferred to subsequent fiscal years.		
Increase of other revenues		77,091
Expenditures in the statement of activities that do not use current resources are not reported as expenditures in the funds, but rather are accrued to subsequent fiscal years.		
Increase in interest expense		(41,956)
Repayment of loan principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position		73,792
Change in net position of governmental activities	<u>\$</u>	212,279

CITY OF STURGIS COMPONENT UNIT FUND LOCAL DEVELOPMENT FINANCE AUTHORITY BALANCE SHEET SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	<u> </u>	eneral
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$	84,850
Accounts receivable Total assets	\$	<u>5,413</u> 90,263
	<u>*</u>	<u> </u>
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable	\$	2,509
DEFENDED DIELOUG OF DEGOLDOEG		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable revenue		5,411
FUND BALANCE		00.040
Restricted		82,343
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources		
and Fund Balance	<u>\$</u>	90,263
RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION		
Total fund balance - governmental fund	\$	82,343
Amounts reported for the governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Certain liabilities are not due and payable in		
the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.		
Note payable		
Net position of governmental activities	<u>\$</u>	82,343

CITY OF STURGIS COMPONENT UNIT FUND LOCAL DEVELOPMENT FINANCE AUTHORITY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

REVENUE	_(Beneral
Captured property taxes Interest	\$	48,234 <u>189</u>
Total revenues		48,423
EXPENDITURES Other		2,508
EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER EXPENDITURES		45,915
FUND BALANCE – BEGINNING OF YEAR		36,428
FUND BALANCE – END OF YEAR	<u>\$</u>	82,343

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUND TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Net change in fund balance - governmental fund	\$	45,915
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Repayment of loan principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position		<u> </u>
Change in net position of governmental activities	<u>\$</u>	45,915

CITY OF STURGIS COMPONENT UNIT FUND BUILDING AUTHORITY BALANCE SHEET SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	Ge	eneral
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	<u>\$</u>	2,319
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE Liabilities	\$	-
Fund Balance Restricted		2,319
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	<u>\$</u>	2,069

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

Total fund balance - governmental fund	\$	2,319
Amounts reported for the governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Certain assets are not due and collectible in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.		
Lease receivable	8	3,200,000
Certain assets are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.		
Bonds payable	(8	3,200,000)
Net position of governmental activities	<u>\$</u>	2,319

CITY OF STURGIS COMPONENT UNIT FUND BUILDING AUTHORITY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	General
REVENUE Lease income Other	\$ 646,013
Total Revenues	646,013
EXPENDITURES	
Debt service - principal	330,000
Debt service - interest and other	315,763
Total Expenditures	645,763
EXCESS OF REVENUE	
OVER EXPENDITURES	250
FUND BALANCE – BEGINNING OF YEAR	2,069
FUND BALANCE – END OF YEAR	<u>\$ 2,319</u>

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUND TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Net change in fund balance - governmental fund	\$	250
Collection of lease receivable is a revenue in the governmental funds, but the collection reduces long-term receivables in the statement of net position		(330,000)
Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position		330,000
Change in net position of governmental activities	<u>\$</u>	250

NormanPaulsen

April 1, 2019

To the City Commission City of Sturgis, Michigan

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Sturgis for the year ended September 30, 2018. Our report includes a reference to other auditors. Professional standards require that we provide you with information about our responsibilities under generally accepted auditing standards and, *Government Auditing Standards*, as well as certain information related to the planned scope and timing of our audit. We have communicated such information in our letter to you dated October 15, 2018. Professional standards also require that we communicate to you the following information related to our audit.

Significant Audit Findings

Qualitative Aspects of Accounting Practices

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. The significant accounting policies used by the City of Sturgis are described in Note 1 to the financial statements. The City implemented GASB Statement No. 75 Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions during 2018. Refer to Note 19 to the financial statements for more information on how implementing the new OPEB standard impacted the City's financial statements as of and during the year ended September 30, 2018. We noted no transactions entered into by the City of Sturgis during the year for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus. All significant transactions have been recognized in the financial statements in the proper period.

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected. The most sensitive estimates affecting the City's financial statements were:

• Management's estimate of the useful lives of depreciable capital assets is based on the length of time it is believed that those assets will provide some economic benefit in the future.

- Management's estimate of the accrued compensated absences is based on current hourly rates and policies regarding payment of sick and vacation banks.
- The assumptions used in the actuarial valuations of the pension and other post-employment plans are based on historical trends and industry standards.

We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop these estimates in determining that it is reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

The financial statement disclosures are neutral, consistent, and clear.

Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit

We encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management in performing and completing our audit.

Corrected and Uncorrected Misstatements

Professional standards require us to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that are clearly trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. Management has corrected all such misstatements. In addition, none of the misstatements detected as a result of audit procedures and corrected by management were material, either individually or in the aggregate, to each opinion unit's financial statements taken as a whole.

Disagreements with Management

For purposes of this letter, a disagreement with management is a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditor's report. We are pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during the course of our audit.

Management Representations

We have requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter dated April 1, 2019.

Management Consultations with Other Independent Accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a "second opinion" on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to the City's financial statements or a determination of the type of auditor's opinion that may be expressed on those statements, our professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with us to determine that the consultant has all the relevant facts. To our knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.

Other Audit Findings or Issues

We generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, with management each year prior to retention as the City's auditors. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of our professional relationship and our responses were not a condition to our retention.

Other Matters

We applied certain limited procedures to management's discussion and analysis, OPEB and pension schedules, and budgetary comparison schedules, which is required supplementary information (RSI) that supplements the basic financial statements. Our procedures consisted of inquiries of management regarding the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We did not audit the RSI and do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the RSI.

We were engaged to report on the combining statements and individual fund statements, which accompany the financial statements but are not RSI. With respect to this supplementary information, we made certain inquiries of management and evaluated the form, content, and methods of preparing the information to determine that the information complies with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the method of preparing it has not changed from the prior period, and the information is appropriate and complete in relation to our audit of the financial statements. We compared and reconciled the supplementary information to the underlying accounting records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves.

Restriction on Use

This information is intended solely for the information and use of the City Commission and management of the City of Sturgis and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Very truly yours,

Narman Paulan

Norman Paulsen Sturgis, MI